COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT City of Chesterfield



FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001



Chesterfield 690 Chesterfield Parkway West, Chesterfield, Missouri 63017

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2001

Report prepared and submitted by the Finance and Administration Department

Janet S. Hawn
Director of Finance and Administration

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal year ended December 31, 2001

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Introductory Section



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June 15, 2002

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Chesterfield:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, a list of City officials, and the City's organizational chart. The financial section includes the general purpose financial statements and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, as well as our independent auditors' report on the general purpose financial statements. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multiyear basis.

This report includes all funds, account groups, and component units which make up the City's financial reporting entity as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 (GASB 14) and discussed more fully in note 1 to the general purpose financial statements. Chesterfield Community Development Corporation (CCDC), an Industrial Development Authority, is considered a component unit of the City and its financial data have been presented in the general purpose financial statements of the City in the separate discretely presented component unit column. The members of the CCDC's governing board are appointed by the Mayor of the City and the City has been providing significant subsidies to finance the operations of the CCDC.

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri, provides a full range of municipal services. These services include legislative, administrative, police services, judicial, planning, public works, and parks and recreation. The Chesterfield Fire Protection District is a separate legal entity which does not meet the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and, accordingly, is excluded from this report.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION, AND OUTLOOK

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri, is located on the western edge of St. Louis County. The City was incorporated under Missouri law as a third class City on June 1, 1988 and has operated under a mayor/council/administrator form of government since then. According to the 2000 census figures, the City has a population of 46,802 residents.

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri, is considered by many to be one of the fastest growing cities in the Midwest. The City already has a thriving business community and is currently in the process of establishing a business district convenient to both the City of St. Louis to the east and St. Charles County to the west. Continuing improvements of I-64/Highway 40 assure the City greater opportunity for growth, enhancing its accessibility to downtown St. Louis. During 2001, the State of

Missouri began construction of an \$8.5 million lane capacity upgrade to I-64/Highway 40 in Chesterfield Valley. National and international headquarters and regional offices of corporations such as McDonald's Corporation and Merrill Lynch are located in the City of Chesterfield, Missouri. In addition, Pharmacia has a \$150 million Life Sciences Research Center which occupies approximately 900,000 square feet, or 210 acres within the City.

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri, also has a strong retail base with Chesterfield Mall, which is one of the largest suburban shopping centers in the metropolitan St. Louis area, and a diversity of shops and restaurants in neighboring shopping centers. Chesterfield Mall now has over 1.9 million square feet of enclosed suburban shopping space, including four anchor stores (Dillard's, Famous Barr, Sears, and JC Penney's), 30 restaurants, a cinema, and more than 145 boutiques, shops, stores, and services.

The City's western corridor, referred to as Chesterfield Valley, has expanded dramatically over the last several years with retail, light industrial and office/warehouse facilities. Chesterfield Valley has made a dramatic comeback from the flood of 1993. The Monarch-Chesterfield levee, which protects Chesterfield Valley, has been restored to its original 100-year level of protection. The City is working with the Monarch-Chesterfield Levee District to complete the construction of a 500-year levee. The City Council has designated Chesterfield Valley as a tax increment financing ("TIF") district. With the assistance of tax increment financing, the Monarch-Chesterfield Levee District and the City are raising the 11 miles of levee surrounding Chesterfield Valley to a 500-year flood event level. The District plans to complete this work by December, 2003. In addition, the City, using Economic Development Act ("EDA") grant funds, installed pumps in Chesterfield Valley to dramatically improve interior drainage. The pumps and 500-year levee will further protect the Chesterfield Valley from flood waters and are expected to promote increased economic growth and development. Two large commercial projects, Chesterfield Commons (2,000,000 square feet of retail) and Chesterfield Grove (186,000 square feet of mixed use) have been completed or are currently being completed in Chesterfield Valley. Wal-Mart, World Market, Shoe Carnival, Lowe's Home Improvement Center, Sam's Club, Linens N Things, Office Max, Michael's, Petsmart, Payless Shoes, Radio Shack, Best Buy, Red Robin, Longhorn Steakhouse, Subway, Old Country Buffet, Babies 'R Us, Red Lobster, St. Louis Bread Company, Olive Garden, O'Charley's and many others have all located to Chesterfield Commons. Future openings at Chesterfield Commons include Target Greatland, Sonic, Lion's Choice and numerous others.

Based on current projections, continued development of the entire City is inevitable. The growth in assessed valuation of the City bears out this fact. The City's assessed valuation of \$1,275,903,642 as of January 1, 2001 represents an increase of 12.1% from \$1,137,971,392 as of January 1, 2000, and an increase of 174.1% from \$465,549,049 as of January 1, 1988 at the time of the City's incorporation.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For the year. The City's staff, following the specific directives of the Mayor and City Council, have been involved in a variety of projects throughout the year. These projects reflect the City's commitment to excellence.

During 2001, the City made great strides in the development of parks throughout the City. In November 1994, the voters approved an \$11 million bond issue to buy land and construct parks throughout the City. The bonds were issued in January 1995. The City advance refunded the 1995 Series General Obligation Bonds in 1998 in order to take advantage of a significant drop in interest rates. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by approximately \$760,000, with a present value savings of approximately \$282,000. During 2001, the City paved and landscaped the Chesterfield Valley Athletic Complex (CVAC) parking lot, placed lights on one soccer field and one baseball field at the CVAC, installed an ADA-accessible sidewalk at the CVAC, sprigged two baseball fields and two soccer fields with Bermuda grass at the CVAC, added a pavilion at the West Concession stand at the CVAC and added medians and landscaping to Olive Boulevard and Clarkson Road.

The City spent \$7,688,124 on major capital improvements to infrastructure, including street reconstruction, storm and sanitary sewer reconstruction, sidewalk reconstruction, and highway beautification. During 2001, the Department of Public Works continued to compliment its in-house operations with private contractors. This resulted in the reconstruction of 7.7 miles of concrete streets. A total of 16,000 lineal feet of sidewalks were reconstructed due to this joint effort. Most of these improvements were funded by a general obligation bond issue for streets and sidewalks citywide and a one-half cent capital improvement sales tax to pay for the bonds, which was approved by the voters of Chesterfield (Propositions R&S) in November 1996 amounting to \$29,355,000. That work began in 1997 with the issuance of \$14,230,000 of the general obligation bonds. The balance of the bonds (\$15,125,000) were issued in 1999 and the entire project will be completed in 2002.

In 2000, the City issued \$17,565,000 in certificates of participation for the acquisition of land and the construction of the City's new City Hall and Police Station. This building was completed during 2001.

Also in 2001, City staff prepared its sixth five-year budget. This document demonstrates the City's commitment to excellence in planning for a fiscally strong future.

Finally, in 2001, the City added staff to enhance its ability to deliver services to its residents. One Court Assistant in the Finance and Administration Department and four Building Attendants in the Public Works Department were added during 2001.

For the future. Plans for the future include even more increases in City services as the municipality continues to become more established. The 2002 City budget foresees the addition of one Records Clerk in the Police Department and two Building Attendants in the Public Works Department.

Department Focus

Each year, the City selects a department to highlight for its efforts and accomplishments. In 2001, the City's Police Department has been selected for review.

Since its inception as a Police Department in June 1989, the Chesterfield Police Department has continued as one of the leading law enforcement agencies in the region.

The Department's primary focus is on "Community Policing," concentrating its efforts on working with the community to solve its problems, preventing crime, and fostering community involvement through various Department programs.

The Department is organized into three divisions: The Division of Police Operations (which includes the Bureau of Uniform Patrol, the Bureau of Criminal Investigations, the Bureau of Traffic & Special Operations and the Bureau of Reserve Police); the Division of Administration (which includes Personnel, Support Services, Budgeting, Finance); and the Division of Operational Support (which includes Emergency Preparedness, Training, Community Affairs and Internal Investigations).

The Department's Bureau of Community Affairs has received recognition on both a national and statewide level for their innovative prevention programs. It provides D.A.R.E. – Drug Abuse Resistance Education programs to hundreds of school age children each year, in addition to providing safety programs to pre-school children in Safety Town. Community Affairs also continues to facilitate the Citizen's Police Academy, the Neighborhood Watch Program, and the Law Enforcement Exploring Program.

In 2001, the Department began its quest for International Accreditation through the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies. While this process is expected to take approximately three years or so, when completed, it will provide verification of the Chesterfield Police Department as a professionally managed Police Department operating within the guidelines of nationally recognized standards and procedures.

The Police Department also continued its partnership with Verizon, Inc. providing no-cost cell phones and pagers to on-duty police personnel, to enhance the Community Police Program and make patrol officers more accessible to Chesterfield residents and businesses. The Chesterfield Police Department looks forward to a continued partnership with the community.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The City maintains its general accounting records on a modified accrual basis for all of its fund types and similar fiduciary (expendable trust and agency) funds and account groups.

Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability has been incurred. "Available" means collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. This internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Controls

In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri. Annual budgets are prepared by the City Administrator for the general fund, the Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing special revenue fund, the Chesterfield Commons special revenue fund, the Chesterfield Groves special revenue fund, the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Trust special revenue fund, all debt service funds, and all capital project funds. The legal level of budgetary control for the original adopted annual budget for all budgeted funds is defined as the budgeted appropriation amount at the department level of expenditures of the fund. Open encumbrances lapse at year-end. However, encumbrances generally are reappropriated as part of the following year's budget. The City Council exercises control over budgeted expenditures throughout the fiscal year.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

General Government Functions

General governmental revenues which include the general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds totaled \$31,599,528 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, which was the thirteenth full year of operation for the City of Chesterfield, Missouri, since incorporation on June 1, 1988. During the period January 1, 2000 through December 31, 2000, revenues totaled \$29,549,945. The following schedule presents a summary of general government revenues for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001 and the amount and percent of increases and decreases in relation to 2000 revenues:

				Dollar Increase	
				(Decrease)	Percent
				From	Of
	2001	Percent	2000	Prior	Increase
Revenues	Amount	Of Total	Amount	Year	(Decrease)
Property tax	\$6,602,637	20.9%	\$5,305,275	\$1,297,362	24.5%
Utility gross receipts tax	4,612,239	14.6%	4,306,962	305,277	7.1%
Sales/use tax	11,430,606	36.2%	10,626,590	804,016	7.6%
Sewer lateral	403,293	1.3%	396,699	6,594	1.7%
Intergovernmental	3,872,511	12.3%	3,657,545	214,966	5.9%
Licenses and permits	1,021,734	3.2%	914,451	107,283	11.7%
Charges for services	499,958	1.6%	487,716	12,242	2.5%
Court fines and fees	765,774	2.4%	799,467	(33,693)	-4.2%
Investment Income	1,967,686	6.2%	2,424,203	(456,517)	-18.8%
Miscellaneous	423,090	1.3%	631,037	(207,947)	-33.0%
	\$31,599,528	100.0%	\$29,549,945	\$2,049,583	6.9%

The largest single source of revenue was the City's share of the 1% county-wide sales tax and the ½% capital improvement sales tax which accounted for \$11,430,606 or 36.2% of total revenue. The second largest source of revenue is property taxes, which accounted for \$6,602,637 or 20.9% of total revenue. The third largest source of revenue is utility gross receipts tax, which accounted for \$4,612,239 or 14.6% of total revenue. These three sources are expected to continue to provide a large percentage of City revenue in the future.

Property taxes have increased significantly due to a growth in assessed valuation and the continued development in Chesterfield Valley. As noted earlier, the City's overall assessed valuation grew 12.1% from 2000 to 2001. The incremental growth in assessed valuation of the Chesterfield Valley TIF District rose \$22,115,690 (or 33.9%) from \$65,207,080 to \$87,322,770 due to the success the City has experienced in attracting new businesses to Chesterfield Valley.

Sales taxes also grew significantly due to the continued development in Chesterfield Valley. Revenues from the Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing District (including Chesterfield Commons and Chesterfield Groves) were \$2,153,159 alone, up from \$1,597,217 in 2000, with all of the new retail stores and restaurants that opened during the latter half of 2000 and 2001. The one-half cent capital improvement sales tax trust fund experienced a \$165,064 growth resulting from the additional stores and restaurants, up from \$3,690,037 in 2000 to \$3,855,101 in 2001.

License revenue was also significantly increased because of all of the new businesses opening in Chesterfield Valley.

Court fines and fees were off slightly in 2001 due to postponing several court sessions while the City Hall staff was moved to its new location.

Interest revenues decreased in 2001 because of a lower interest rate environment, as well as decreased reserves as bond proceeds were depleted.

Miscellaneous revenues, which make up 1.3% of the City's total revenues, was significantly lower in 2001 because the City received a \$448,412 sale of easement during 2000.

Expenditures for general governmental purposes totaled \$48,766,447 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001. During the period January 1, 2000 to December 31, 2000, total expenditures amounted to \$32,298,960. The following schedule presents a summary of general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects fund expenditures for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001 and the amount and percent of increases and decreases in relation to prior year amounts:

				Dollar Increase	
				(Decrease)	Percent
				From	Of
	2001	Percent	2000	Prior	Increase
Expenditures	Amount	Of Total	Amount	Year	(Decrease)
Legislative	70,100	0.14%	67,681	2,419	3.6%
Administrative	2,466,183	5.06%	2,335,494	130,689	5.6%
Police services	5,990,868	12.28%	5,646,960	343,906	6.1%
Judicial	166,020	0.34%	201,486	(35,466)	-17.6%
Planning and zoning	604,575	1.24%	479,816	124,759	26.0%
Public works	3,840,639	7.88%	3,420,515	420,124	12.3%
Parks and recreation	1,087,224	2.23%	876,496	210,728	24.0%
Capital outlay	25,871,583	53.05%	14,822,309	11,049,274	74.5%
Debt service	8,669,255	17.78%	4,448,201	4,221,054	94.9%
	48,766,447	100.0%	32,298,960	16,467,487	51.0%

The largest dollar increase in expenditures in actual dollars was in capital outlay and was the result of the construction of the City's new City Hall.

The second largest dollar increase in expenditures in actual dollars was in debt service and was the result of the additional certificates of participation used to finance the City's new City Hall, as well as payments made on the tax increment financing notes.

The third largest dollar increase was in Public Works and reflects the additional expenses related to the operation of the City's new City Hall, as well as special projects funded through the Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing District special revenue fund.

The decrease in judicial was the result of the Prosecuting Attorney's fees being moved to administrative expenses to maintain a separation between the court and prosecutorial functions.

General Fund Balance

The fund balance of the general fund increased by 7.7% from \$11,759,432 as of December 31, 2000 to \$12,665,559 as of December 31, 2001. This fund balance provides the City with an operational reserve that is the equivalent of 95 working days of expenditures, or 26.0% of the total general governmental expenditures for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001.

General Fixed Assets Account Group

The general fixed assets of the City have been acquired for general governmental purposes. The assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types and are capitalized at cost in the general fixed assets account group. As of December 31, 2001, general fixed assets amounted to \$41,278,435. The City has elected not to capitalize roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems since such assets are immovable and of value only to the City. The City does not record depreciation on its general fixed assets.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the City had five debt issues outstanding. These issues include \$8,955,000 in general obligation bonds for parks, \$2,355,000 in certificates of participation related to the City's capital lease obligation for the Public Works Facility, \$10,690,000 in general obligation bonds for streets and sidewalks, \$14,530,000 in general obligation bonds for streets and sidewalks, and \$17,565,000 in certificates of participation related to the City's capital lease obligation for the City's City Hall. The general obligation bonds for parks were issued in 1995, but advance refunded in 1998. The certificates of participation were issued in 1995 and 2000, respectively. The general obligation bonds for streets and sidewalks were issued in two series, part in 1997 and part in 1999. The City has upgraded its rating on the general obligation bond issue to Aa1 from Aa2 and to Aa2 from Aa3 on the certificates of participation from Moody's Investor Service.

The City also had six outstanding TIF notes to the Monarch-Chesterfield Levee District as of December 31, 2001, one for \$2,173,318, one for \$905,000, one for \$1,520,000, one for \$230,000, one for \$2,781,633 and one for \$775,000. The first TIF note was issued in 1996, the second note in 1998, the third and fourth in 1999, the fifth in 2000 and the sixth in 2001. In addition, the City had a series of outstanding TIF notes for the Chesterfield Commons projects amounting to \$26,325,000. Of these notes, the \$1,450,000 was issued in 1998, \$22,775,000 in 1999 and \$2,100,000 in 2001. The Chesterfield Groves notes issued in 1998 were paid off during 2001 using fund reserves from the Chesterfield Valley TIF Fund.

Cash Management

The City earned \$1,971,121 in investment income during fiscal year 2001. During the period January 1, 2000 through December 31, 2000, investment income totaled \$2,428,232. State statutes authorize Missouri local governments to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury and U.S. Government agency securities. Other deposits or investments require collateral to be pledged consisting of obligations of the United States Treasury or instruments guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government. The fair market value of the pledged securities must equal 100% of the deposits and investments. As of December 31, 2001, the City had all cash invested in a repurchase agreement which earns interest at an adjustable rate based on market conditions, or short-term U.S. Treasury and government agency securities with a weighted average interest rate of 5.90%.

Risk Management

The City is a member of a public entity risk pool comprised of various municipalities in St. Louis County. This pool covers workers' compensation and liability exposures (St. Louis Area Insurance Trust – SLAIT). The purpose of this pool is to share the cost of self-insurance with other similar cities. The Daniel & Henry Company provides claims administration for the trust.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

City ordinances require an annual audit of the books, financial records, and transactions which comprise all of the funds and account groups of the City by an independent certified public accountant selected by the City Council. This ordinance has been complied with, and the independent auditors' report is included with this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report issued for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000. This was the twelfth consecutive year the City has received this prestigious award, an impressive accomplishment for the City's twelfth full year of operation.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City of Chesterfield also received the Government Finance Officers Association's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its annual budget for fiscal year 2001. This was the eleventh consecutive year that the City received this award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document met the program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device.

Acknowledgements

This report could not have been completed without the assistance of the entire administrative staff of the various departments of the City. We would like to especially acknowledge the dedicated services and help of the staff members in the Finance and Administration Department. The Finance and Administration staff were key components of maintaining the City's accounting systems and their contribution was invaluable.

We would also like to thank our auditors, KPMG LLP, for their help in formulating this report. Our sincere gratitude is extended to you for your interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael 8 Af

Michael G. Herring

City Administrator

Janet S. Hawn

ten Hain

Director of Finance and Administration

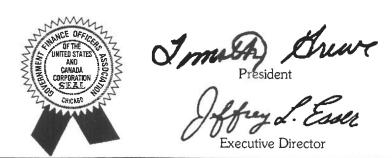
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Chesterfield, Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2000

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



City Officials

MAYOR

John Nations

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Ward 1:

Barry Flachsbart

Jane Durrell

Ward 2:

Barry Streeter

Bruce Geiger

Ward 3:

Daniel Hurt

Mike Casey

Ward 4:

Charlie Scheidt

Mary K. Brown

CITY ADMINISTRATOR

Michael G. Herring

DIRECTOR OF FINANCE AND

ADMINISTRATION

Janet S. Hawn

CITY CLERK

Marty DeMay

POLICE CHIEF

Ray Johnson

DIRECTOR OF PLANNING

Teresa Price

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS

Michael O. Geisel

CITY ATTORNEY

Douglas R. Beach

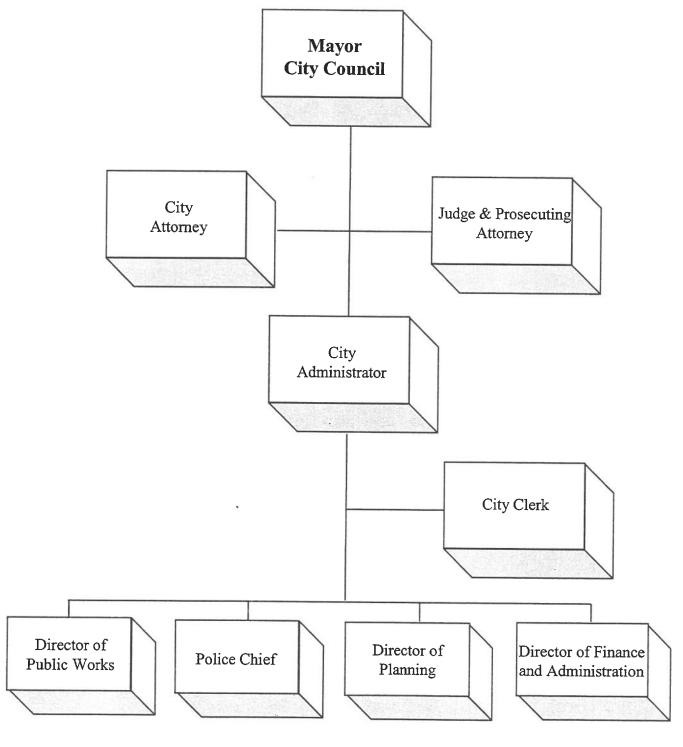
JUDGE

Richard K. Brunk

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

Tim Englemeyer

Organizational Chart







Financial Section



10 South Broadway Suite 900 St Louis, MO 63102-1761

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Chesterfield, Missouri:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2001 as listed in Part II of the accompanying table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Chesterfield Community Development Corporation discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion on the general purpose financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Chesterfield Community Development Corporation discretely presented component unit were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the report of other auditors, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri, as of December 31, 2001, and the results of its operations and cash flows of its discretely presented component unit for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in note 1(c) to the general purpose financial statements, during the year ended December 31, 2001, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2002 on our consideration of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary data listed in Part II of the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

KPMG LLP

March 29, 2002



General Purpose Financial Statements

Combined Balance Sheet – All Fund Types, Account Groups, and Discretely Presented Component Unit

December 31, 2001 (with comparative totals for December 31, 2000)

		Governmen	tal fund types
		Special	Debt
Assets and Other Debits	General	revenue	service
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,863,908	9,011,179	1,511,330
Investments	8,116,255	1,013,435	1,785,540
Receivables:	0,110,222	1,015,455	1,765,540
Municipal taxes	1,047,584	7,347,571	676,017
Intergovernmental	1,214,500	27,126	070,017
Interest		37,484	14006
Other	116,100	,	14,886
Due from other funds	419,822 730,283	10,000 1,745,041	261
Prepaid assets	265,597	1,743,041	201
Property and equipment	203,397		_
Amount available in debt service funds	_	_	_
	*****	_	_
Amount to be provided for general obligation bonds payable		_	-
Amount to be provided for capital lease obligation payable		_	—
Amount to be provided for tax increment financing notes payable			
Total assets and other debits	\$ 14,774,049	19,191,836	3,988,034
Liabilities, Fund Equity, and Other Credits			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	1,089,937	540,889	261
Accrued payroll	370,236	240,009	201
Accrued compensated absences		_	_
Deferred revenue	397,627	1 020 722	170 200
	244,389	1,020,783	170,388
Due to other funds	6 201	2,286,931	262
Deposits held in escrow	6,301	_	
General obligation bonds payable		_	
Capital lease obligation payable	_		*****
Tax increment financing notes payable			
Total liabilities	2,108,490	3,848,603	170,911
Fund equity and other credits:			
Investment in general fixed assets		_	_
Fund balances:			
Reserved for:			
Street improvements		_	_
Prepaid assets	265,597	_	
Debt service	_		3,817,123
Capital projects		_	_
Unreserved:			
Designated for subsequent year expenditures	98,887		
Undesignated	12,301,075	15,343,233	
Equity - component unit			
Total fund equity	12,665,559	15,343,233	3,817,123
Total fund equity and other credits	12,665,559	15,343,233	3,817,123
Total liabilities, fund equity, and other credits	\$ 14,774,049	19,191,836	3,988,034

	Fiduciary		nt Groups	Total (memorandum	Discretely		otal
	fund type –	General	General	only)	presented		ndum only)
Capital	trust and	fixed	long-term	primary	component	report	ing entity
projects	agency	assets	debt	government	unit	2001	2000
3,492,287	1,826,214		_	18,704,918	126,770	18,831,688	21,573,694
_	_	_		10,915,230	_	10,915,230	21,274,472
_	_		_	9,071,172		9,071,172	6,906,538
	_			1,241,626		1,241,626	1,067,038
4,201	_		_	172,671	_	172,671	391,245
_	_		_	429,822	5,116	434,938	712,362
	_		_	2,475,585		2,475,585	2,125,100
	_	_	_	265,597	6,273	271,870	304,537
_	_	41,278,435	_	41,278,435	16,351	41,294,786	27,878,953
	_		3,817,123	3,817,123	10,551	3,817,123	4,680,314
_		_	32,494,578	32,494,578		32,494,578	33,703,624
_	_	_	17,783,299	17,783,299		17,783,299	17,121,062
_	_	_	34,709,951	34,709,951			
				34,709,931		34,709,951	33,758,175
3,496,488	1,826,214	41,278,435	88,804,951	173,360,007	154,510	173,514,517	171,497,114
	40.004						
1,430,854	12,981	_	_	3,074,922	6,690	3,081,612	1,192,227
	_		_	370,236	_	370,236	337,690
_	_		_	397,627	1,722	399,349	413,271
12 -101		_		1,435,560	10,500	1,446,060	1,305,645
186,766	1,626		_	2,475,585	*****	2,475,585	2,125,100
	1,593,582	_		1,599,883		1,599,883	1,518,369
_	_	_	34,175,000	34,175,000		34,175,000	35,470,000
_		-	19,920,000	19,920,000	_	19,920,000	20,035,000
			34,709,951	34,709,951		34,709,951	33,758,175
1,617,620	1,608,189		88,804,951	98,158,764	18,912	98,177,676	96,155,477
_		41,278,435	_	41,278,435	_	41,278,435	27,871,189
	218,025	_	_	218,025	_	218,025	44,916
_	<u> </u>		_	265,597		265,597	303,459
	_	_		3,817,123		3,817,123	4,680,314
1,878,868	_	_	_	1,878,868	_	1,878,868	17,532,138
, ,							17,552,150
and the same of th	_			98,887	_	98,887	83,964
_	_	_	_	27,644,308	_	27,644,308	24,704,905
					135,598	135,598	120,752
1,878,868	218,025			33,922,808	135,598	34,058,406	47,470,448
1,878,868	218,025	41,278,435		75,201,243	135,598	75,336,841	75,341,637
3,496,488	1,826,214	41,278,435	88,804,951	173,360,007	154,510	173,514,517	171,497,114

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental Fund Types and Similar Expendable Trust Fund

Year ended December 31, 2001 (with comparative totals for the year ended December 31, 2000)

	Governmen	Governmental fund types		
		Special		
	General	revenue		
Revenues:				
Municipal taxes	\$ 9,814,581	12,501,451		
Intergovernmental	3,724,714	147,797		
Licenses and permits	1,021,734			
Charges for services	499,958			
Court fines and fees	765,774	-		
Investment income	740,135	444,663		
Miscellaneous	215,748	207,342		
Total revenues	16,782,644	13,301,253		
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Legislative	70,100			
Administrative	2,466,183	_		
Police services	5,987,901	2,967		
Judicial	166,020	· —		
Planning and zoning	604,575			
Public works	3,587,240	253,399		
Parks and recreation	1,087,224			
Capital outlay	1,399,048	5,754,546		
Debt service:	• •	, ,		
Principal	-	1,923,224		
Interest and other charges		2,572,848		
Cost of issuance		_,_,_,		
	-			
Total expenditures	15,368,291_	10,506,984		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	1,414,353	2,794,269		
over experimenes		2,794,207		
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	_	1,448,950		
Operating transfers out	(508,226)	(5,799,804)		
Proceeds of capital lease obligation		— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		
Proceeds of tax increment financing notes		2,875,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(508,226)	(1,475,854)		
Europe (definioner) of surround and				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and				
other financing sources over				
expenditures and other	007.105	1 210 415		
financing uses	906,127	1,318,415		
Fund balances:				
Beginning of year, as restated	_11,759,432_	14,024,818		
End of year	\$ _12,665,559	15,343,233		

Debt	Capital	Fiduciary fund type – expendable	(memora)	otal ndum only)
service	projects	trust	2001	2000
732,743			23,048,775	20,635,526
-		-	3,872,511	3,657,545
		_	1,021,734	914,451
_			499,958	487,716
			765,774	799,467
213,257	569,631	3,435	1,971,121	2,428,232
		215,483	638,573	631,037
946,000	569,631	218,918	31,818,446	29,553,974
_	_		70,100	67,681
_			2,466,183	2,335,494
_	_	_	5,990,868	5,646,960
_			166,020	201,486
, m	_		604,575	479,816
			3,840,639	3,420,515
	18,717,989	45,809	1,087,224 25,917,392	876,496 14,871,979
_	10,717,909	43,009	23,917,392	14,071,979
1,410,000			3,333,224	1,258,253
2,763,183	_		5,336,031	2,936,774
		-		253,174
4,173,183	18,717,989	45,809	49 012 256	22 240 (20
4,173,163	10,717,909	45,809	48,812,256	32,348,628
_(3,227,183)	(18,148,358)	173,109	_(16,993,810)	(2,794,654)
3,344,744	2,495,088		7,288,782	3,277,756
(980,752)			(7,288,782)	(3,277,756)
_		-		17,525,971
	-		2,875,000	2,947,110
2,363,992	2,495,088		2,875,000	20,473,081
2,000,772	2,155,500		2,073,000	
(863,191)	(15,653,270)	173,109	(14,118,810)	17,678,427
4,680,314	17,532,138	44,916	48,041,618	29,671,269
3,817,123	1,878,868	218,025	33,922,808	47,349,696

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – All Governmental Fund Types

Year ended December 31, 2001

	General fund			Special revenue funds			
	Revised budget	•	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	
Revenues:							
Municipal taxes	\$ 9,564,00	0 9,814,581	250,581	8,631,200	12,098,158	3,466,958	
Intergovernmental	3,699,33	6 3,724,714	25,378	2,008,700	142,478	(1,866,222)	
Licenses and permits	891,85		129,884	· · · · —	·		
Charges for services	588,00	0 499,958	(88,042)	_			
Court fines and fees	820,00		(54,226)	_			
Investment income	450,00		290,135	334,500	442,794	108,294	
Miscellaneous	202,50	0 215,748	13,248		207,342	207,342	
Total revenues	16,215,68	16,782,644	566,958	10,974,400	12,890,772	1,916,372	
Expenditures:							
Legislative	88,16		18,063	_			
Administrative	3,063,09		571,511	_			
Police services	6,388,79		130,357	_		_	
Judicial	174,27	2 166,020	8,252	_		_	
Planning and zoning	790,87	7 604,575	186,302	_	_		
Public works	4,886,77		1,048,685	137,000	253,399	(116,399)	
Parks and recreation	2,230,05		290,566		_	_	
Contingency	2,41	4 —	2,414	-	-		
Capital outlay	_		_	2,719,716	4,554,751	(1,835,035)	
Debt service:							
Principal	_			2,995,765	1,923,224	1,072,541	
Interest and other charges				4,672,464	2,572,848	2,099,616	
Total expenditures	17,624,44	1 15,368,291	2,256,150	10,524,945	9,304,222	1,220,723	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	_(1,408,75	5) 1,414,353	2,823,108	449,455	3,586,550	3,137,095	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in		_		1,700,000	1,448,950	(251.050)	
Operating transfer out	(908,66	8) (508,226)	400,442	(9,164,517)	(5,799,804)	(251,050) 3,364,713	
Proceeds of tax increment financing notes	(508,00	- (508,220)	400,442	(9,104,517)	2,100,000	2,100,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(908.66	8) (508,226)	400,442	(7,464,517)	(2,250,854)	5,213,663	
					(2,200,001)	***************************************	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	(2,317,42	3) 906,127	3,223,550	(7,015,062)	1,335,696	8,350,758	
Fund balances: Beginning of year, as restated	11,759,43	2 11.759.432		12 604 125	12 604 125		
Degining of year, as restated	11,739,43	11,737,432		_13,604,125	13,604,125		
End of year	\$9,442,00	9 12,665,559	3,223,550	6,589,063	14,939,821	8,350,758	

D	ebt service fund	ds	c	apital projects f	unds	(m	Total nemorandum only	v)
Parinal		Variance -	Dii		Variance -			Variance -
Revised budget	Actual	favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	favorable (unfavorable)
Dauget	Actual	(uutavotable)	Dudget	Actual	(dulavorable)	budget	Actual	(untavorable)
846,220	732,743	(113,477)	_		-	19,041,420	22,645,482	3,604,062
		_	_	-	_	5,708,036	3,867,192	(1,840,844)
					_	891,850	1,021,734	129,884
	-	_	_	_	_	588,000	499,958	(88,042)
16 126	212 257	100 122	250.000	E(0 (21	210 (21	820,000	765,774	(54,226)
15,125	213,257	198,132	250,000	569,631	319,631	1,049,625	1,965,817	916,192
						202,500	423,090	220,590
861,345	946,000	84,655	250,000	569,631	319,631	28,301,431	31,189,047	2,887,616
						88,163	70,100	18.062
			13,438,722	11,029,865	2,408,857	16,638,814	13,774,845	18,063
	_	_	15,750,722	11,029,805	2,400,007	6,388,792	6,258,435	2,863,969 130,357
_		_	_		_	174,272	166,020	8,252
_	-	_	_	_	_	790,877	604,575	186,302
		_	11,262,022	7,577,429	3,684,593	16,148,794	11,415,516	4,733,278
		_	175,607	110,695	64,912	2,405,666	2,050,188	355,478
		_	_		-	2,414		2,414
=		_	_	_	_	2,719,716	4,554,751	(1,835,035)
1,410,000	1,410,000	_	_			4,405,765	3,333,224	1,072,541
2,766,856	2.763.183	3,673	_	_		7,439,320	5,336,031	2,103,289
				B		7,437,320		2,103,289
4,176,856	4,173,183	3,673	24,876,351	18,717,989	6,158,362	57,202,593	47,563,685	9,638,908
(3,315,511)	(3,227,183)	88,328	(24,626,351)	(18,148,358)	6,477,993	(28,901,162)	(16,374,638)	12,526,524
(3,313,311)	(3,227,165)	00,520	(24,020,331)	(10,140,330)	0,477,553	(28,901,102)	(10,374,036)	12,320,324
3,315,011	3,344,744	29,733	6,006,169	2,495,088	(3,511,081)	11,021,180	7,288,782	(3,732,398)
_	(980,752)	(980,752)	· · · —	-	`	(10,073,185)	(7,288,782)	2,784,403
							2,100,000	2,100,000
3,315,011	2,363,992	(951,019)	6,006,169	2,495,088	(3,511,081)	947,995	2,100,000	1,152,005
(500)	(863,191)	(862,691)	(18,620,182)	(15,653,270)	2,966,912	(27,953,167)	(14,274,638)	13,678,529
4,680,314	4,680,314		17,532,138	17,532,138		47,576,009	47,576,009	
4,679,814	3,817,123	(862,691)	(1,088,044)	1,878,868	2,966,912	19,622,842	33,301,371	13,678,529

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Equity – Discretely Presented Component Unit

For the year ended June 30, 2001 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2000)

	2001	2000
Operating revenues:		
Support	\$ 245,805	235,103
Bond issuance fees	18,488	´—
Other revenue	2,934	319
Total operating revenues	267,227	235,422
Operating expenses:		
Program services	132,494	131,848
General and administrative	121,205	113,702
Depreciation	5,264_	6,020
Total operating expenses	258,963	251,570
Operating income (loss)	8,264	(16,148)
Nonoperating revenues – interest income	6,582	8,785
Net income (loss)	14,846	(7,363)
Fund equity:		
Beginning of year	120,752	128,115
End of year	\$ 135,598	120,752

Statement of Cash Flows – Discretely Presented Component Unit

For the year ended June 30, 2001 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2000)

	2001	2000
Cash flows from operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 8,264	(16,148)
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in receivables – other Increase in prepaid assets Increase in accounts payable (Decrease) increase in accrued compensated absences Increase in deferred revenue	5,264 (1,808) (5,195) 2,572 (2,420)	6,020 4,806 4,010 1,809 10,500
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,677	10,997_
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of property and equipment Payment of capital lease obligation	(13,851)	(1,821)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_(13,851)	(1,984)
Cash flows from investing activities - interest received	6,582	8,785
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(592)	17,798
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of year	127,362	109,564
End of year	\$ 126,770	127,362

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Chesterfield, Missouri (the City) was incorporated on June 1, 1988 and established a mayor/council/city administrator form of government. The City's major operations include: police protection, street maintenance and improvements, parks and recreation, general administrative services, legislative services, judicial services, and planning.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

(a) The Financial Reporting Entity

The City defines its financial reporting entity in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* (GASB 14). GASB 14 requirements for inclusion of component units are based primarily upon whether the City's governing body has any significant amount of financial accountability for potential component units. The City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of a potential component unit's governing body and is able to impose its will on that potential component unit, or there is a potential for the potential component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. Based on these requirements, the City's general purpose financial statements include all funds, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities for which the City is financially accountable.

The City's financial reporting entity consists of the City and its discretely presented component unit, the Chesterfield Community Development Corporation (CCDC). The members of the governing board of CCDC are appointed by the Mayor. Although the City cannot "impose its will" on CCDC, the City of Chesterfield provides a material subsidy to the CCDC primarily to finance the operations of the organization. Together, the City and CCDC form the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes. The accompanying financial data presented for the CCDC reflect the twelve months of activity through June 30, 2001.

Complete financial statements of the CCDC can be obtained from their administrative offices at 135 Chesterfield Industrial Boulevard, Chesterfield, Missouri 63005.

(b) Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets and other debits, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. The various funds are summarized by type in the general purpose financial statements. The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of and changes in financial position. The following are the City's governmental fund types:

General – The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, certain general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects – Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital items.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These include expendable trust and agency funds. Expendable trust funds are accounted for and reported in the same manner as governmental funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of the results of operations.

Account Groups

Account groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability. The City's account groups are as follows:

General Fixed Assets Account Group – This account group is used to account for all fixed assets of the City.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group – This account group is used to account for the unmatured principal of its general long-term debt.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The CCDC is included as a discretely presented component unit of the City, and is accounted for similar to a proprietary fund type. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is on the determination of net income and capital maintenance. In reporting its financial activity CCDC applies all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements as well as the following pronouncements issued on or after November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARBs) of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

(c) Basis of Accounting

The City maintains its records and presents the financial statements of its governmental fund types and fiduciary (expendable trust and agency) fund type on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Effective January 1, 2001, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions (GASB 33). In general, GASB 33 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for non-exchange transactions involving financial or capital resources. As a result of implementing GASB 33, the January 1, 2001 fund balances of the following funds were restated:

			Special Revenue	
			Chesterfield	Capital
			Valley Tax Increment	Improvement Sales Tax
	_	General	Financing	Trust
January 1, 2001 fund balance,				
as previously reported	\$	11,380,055	5,607,944	5,367,880
GASB 33 adjustment	_	379,377	20,943	291,602
January 1, 2001 fund balance, As restated	\$ _	11,759,432	5,628,887	5,659,482

GASB 33 groups nonexchange transactions into the following four classes, based upon their principal characteristics: derived tax revenues, imposed nonexchange revenues, government mandated exchange transactions, and voluntary nonexchange transactions.

The City recognizes assets from derived tax revenue transactions (such as sales and utilities gross receipts taxes) in the period when the underlying exchange transaction on which the tax is imposed occurs or when the assets are received, whichever occurs first. Revenues are recognized, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, in the same period that the assets are recognized, provided that the underlying exchange transaction has occurred. Resources received in advance are reported as deferred revenues until the period of the exchange.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

The City recognizes assets from imposed nonexchange revenue transactions in the period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises or when the resources are received, whichever occurs first. Revenues are recognized in the period when the resources are to be used or the first period that use is permitted. The City recognizes revenues from property taxes, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, in the period for which the taxes are levied. Imposed nonexchange revenues also include court fines and forfeitures.

Intergovernmental revenues, representing grants and assistance received from other governmental units, are generally recognized in the period when all eligibility requirements, as defined by GASB 33, have been met. Any resources received before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as deferred revenues.

Charges for services, which are exchange transactions and are therefore not subject to the provisions of GASB 33, are recognized as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, used by the discretely presented component unit, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

(d) Budgetary Data

The City prepares and legally adopts an annual budget for the general fund, the Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing special revenue fund, the Chesterfield Commons special revenue fund, the Chesterfield Groves special revenue fund, the Capital Improvement Sales Tax Trust special revenue fund, all debt service funds, and all capital projects funds. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Council follows the procedures outlined below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general purpose financial statements:

- 1. On or before November 1, the City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Copies of the proposed budget are made available for public inspection in the office of the City Clerk for at least 10 days prior to passage of the budget. At least one public hearing is held on the budget by the City Council. Notice of the hearing is given by publication in a newspaper with general circulation in the City.
- 3. The budget is adopted by the City Council by the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the City Council and approval by the Mayor on or before the last day preceding the budget year. If the budget has not been passed and approved by this time, then the budget and appropriations for the current fiscal year shall be deemed to be rebudgeted and reappropriated for the budget year until a new budget is adopted and approved.
- 4. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

The legal level of budgetary control for the original adopted annual budget for all budgeted funds is defined as the budgeted appropriation amount at the department level of expenditures of the fund.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

Subsequent transfers may be made as follows:

- a) Heads of departments may make transfers between the departments of a fund in an amount up to \$2,500 with the prior approval of the Director of Finance and Administration.
- b) Heads of departments may make transfers between the departments of a fund in an amount from \$2,500 to \$5,000 with the prior approval of the Director of Finance and Administration and the City Administrator.
- c) Approval of a majority of the City Council is required for all other transfer amounts.

Supplemental appropriations can be made with the majority vote of the City Council. The City Council made several supplemental appropriations during the year, which increased the total budget by \$19,351,002. The majority of the supplemental appropriations were the result of expenditures associated with the construction of City Hall.

(e) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental fund types. Since appropriations lapse at year-end, outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the subsequent fiscal year's budget to provide for the liquidation of the prior commitments.

(f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of the City's cash deposits with banks, petty cash funds, repurchase agreements, money market mutual funds, and federated automated cash reserve pooled accounts.

(g) Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value of investments is based on quoted market prices.

(h) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types and capitalized at historical cost in the general fixed assets account group. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the time received.

Certain improvements other than buildings, including roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems, are not capitalized. Such assets normally are immovable and of value only to the City. Therefore, the purpose of stewardship for capital expenditures is satisfied without recording these assets. Depreciation is not provided on general fixed assets.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

(i) Compensated Absences

The City grants vacation to all full-time employees based on years of continuous service and compensatory time is granted to all nonexempt employees for hours worked in excess of a normal work week which are not taken within the current biweekly pay period. These benefits are allowed to accumulate and to carry over, with limitation, into the next calendar year and will be paid to employees upon resignation, retirement, or death. Sick leave benefits do not vest and, accordingly, are recorded as expenditures when paid. The accrued benefit liability is recorded in the general fund since it is expected to be liquidated with available expendable resources.

(j) Interfund Transactions

From time to time the City has the following types of transactions among funds:

Reimbursements

Reimbursement of expenditures made by one fund for another are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Quasi-External Transactions

Charges or collections for services rendered by one fund for another are recognized as revenues of the recipient fund and expenditures or expenses of the disbursing fund. These transactions are recorded as quasi-external transactions because they would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the City.

Equity Transfers

Nonroutine or nonrecurring transfers between funds are reported as additions to or deductions from the fund equity balance.

Operating Transfers

All other interfund transfers are reported when incurred as "operating transfers in" by the recipient fund and as "operating transfers out" by the disbursing fund.

(k) Deferred Revenue

The City has received inspection fees in advance from various developers. These fees are recognized as revenue as the City performs the inspections of the developments. Also included in deferred revenue are property tax revenues, which are not collected within 60 days following the end of the current period.

(1) Reserved Fund Balances

Reserved fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that is not available for subsequent year appropriations or is legally segregated for a specific future use.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

(m) Use of Estimates

The preparation of general purpose financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at fiscal year-end and revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(n) Total (Memorandum Only) Data

Total columns in the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Total (memorandum only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position or results of operations, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such data is not comparable to a consolidation since interfund eliminations have not been made.

(o) Comparative Total Data

Comparative total data are presented for informational purposes only.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

(2) Cash and Investments

State statutes authorize Missouri local governments to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury and United States government agencies, obligations of the State of Missouri, time certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements. Deposits in financial institutions must be collateralized by securities pledged to the City by these same institutions.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$(275,277) and the bank balance was \$177,160. Of the bank balance, \$100,000 was insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and \$77,160 was collateralized with securities held by the Federal Reserve in a joint custody account of the City and the pledging financial institution.

The City's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered, or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker or dealer, or by a counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

		Category			Carrying	
		1	2	3		value
Investments:						
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$	10,915,230			\$	10,915,230
Repurchase agreements		15,954,603				15,954,603
Total investment	\$ _	26,869,833				26,869,833
Money market mutual funds						2,972,725
Federated automated cash reserve – pooled account						52,867
Cash deposits						(275,277)
Total – primary government					\$	29,620,148

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

(3) General Fixed Assets

A summary of changes in property and equipment within the general fixed assets account group follows:

	-	Balance January 1, 2001	Additions	Transfers	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2001
Land	\$	10,882,587	880,874	1,214,617	_	12,978,078
Building and improvements Machinery and		9,750,856	11,221,222	1,076,081		22,048,159
equipment		2,190,077	1,261,669	_	(211,840)	3,239,906
Automobiles and trucks		2,756,971	670,639	_	(415,318)	3,012,292
Construction in progress		2,290,698		(2,290,698)		
9	\$ _	27,871,189	14,034,404		(627,158)	41,278,435

A summary of changes in general fixed assets by function is as follows:

		Balance January 1, 2001	Additions	Transfers	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2001
Legislative	\$	17,777	_		_	17,777
Administrative		2,955,620	11,560,695	(263,653)	(137,956)	14,114,706
Police services		967,703	287,579	(100,861)	(194,982)	959,439
Planning		39,136	_	19,430		58,566
Parks		16,105,614	852,269	27,652		16,985,535
Public works		7,785,339	_1,333,861	317,432	(294,220)	9,142,412
	\$;	27,871,189	14,034,404		(627,158)	41,278,435

A summary of general fixed assets by function is as follows:

	Land	Buildings and improvements	Machinery and equipment	Automobiles and trucks	Construction in progress	Total
Legislative	\$ 	_		17,777	_	17,777
Administrative	1,316,521	11,525,597	1,233,063	39,525		14,114,706
Police services		25,828	180,762	752,849	_	959,439
Planning	-		18,632	39,934		58,566
Parks	8,767,111	7,769,597	297,283	151,544		16,985,535
Public works	2,894,446	2,727,137	1,510,166	2,010,663		9,142,412
	\$ 12,978,078	22,048,159	3,239,906	3,012,292		41,278,435

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

The source of all general fixed assets is as follows:

General fund Capital projects funds \$ 7,553,730 33,724,705

\$ 41,278,435

(4) Property Taxes

The City's property tax is levied each September based on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. Taxes are billed in November, due and collectible on December 31, and delinquent after December 31. Liens are placed on property for delinquent taxes on the January 1 following the due date. The City's tax rate was levied at \$.06 per \$100 of assessed valuation and is for retirement of general obligation bonds payable.

Taxes levied for 2001 are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectible amounts; however, revenue recognition on all property tax receivables not collected within 60 days after year-end is deferred. The 2001 levy was due and collectible within the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2001.

All property tax assessment, billing, and collection functions are handled by the St. Louis County government. Taxes collected are remitted to the City by the St. Louis County Collector (the County Collector) in the month subsequent to the actual collection date. Taxes held by the County Collector, if any, are included in taxes receivable in the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

(5) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The City, along with various other local governments, participates in an insurance trust for workers' compensation and for general liability matters (St. Louis Area Insurance Trust – SLAIT). The purpose of this trust is to distribute the cost of self-insurance over similar entities. The trust requires an annual premium payment from each entity to cover estimated claims payable and reserves for claims. The members of the trust have no legal interest in the assets, liabilities, or fund balances of the insurance trust; however, the City is contingently liable to fund its pro rata share of any deficit incurred by the trust should the trust cease operations at some future date. The trust has contracted with an insurance agent to handle all administrative matters, including processing of claims filed. The City's 2001 premium payments to the trust was \$292,981.

The City also purchases commercial insurance to cover risks related to property loss, public official liability, earthquakes, and employees' blanket bonds. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

(6) Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, the assets and liabilities of the deferred compensation plan are not included in the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

(7) Retirement Plan

In 1989, the City established a money purchase retirement plan (a defined contribution plan) funded through Manufacturers Life Insurance Company. All employees are eligible to participate in the plan after they have completed one year of service and attained the age of 18. Per City ordinance, the City contributes an amount equal to 8% of compensation of eligible participants. No contribution is required from employees. All employees vest 20% after three years of service and an additional 20% per year thereafter, making the employees fully vested after seven years of credited service. The City's contribution for 2001 was \$526,173 or 8% of covered payroll less any forfeitures from terminated nonvested employees.

Total covered payroll for the year was \$6,626,663 or 83% of the total City payroll of \$7,952,038.

(8) Budgetary Control

For the year ended December 31, 2001, capital outlay expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Chesterfield Commons special revenue fund due to the proceeds of the issuance of tax increment financing notes payable and the related capital outlay expenditures not being budgeted by the fund.

For the year ended December 31, 2001, public works expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing special revenue fund due to the cost of professional services associated with the issuance of tax increment financing notes payable exceeding budgeted amounts.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

(9) Interfund Balance

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of December 31, 2001 are as follows:

	Receivable fund	Payable fund
General Special revenue:	\$ 730,283	_
Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing Chesterfield Commons Capital Improvement Sales Tax Trust Sewer Lateral	92,018 1,653,023 —	2,235,298 51,633
Debt service – Public Work Facility – 1995	261	262
Capital projects – R & S Construction		186,766
Agency – Bail Bond		1,626
	\$ 2,475,585	2,475,585

(10) Obligations Under Operating Lease Agreements

The City leases equipment under certain operating lease agreements with terms in excess of one year. Annual aggregate lease payments remaining under the terms of the operating lease agreements as of December 31, 2001 are as follows:

2002 2003	\$ 13,794 13,794
2004 2005	11,364 4,397
	\$ 43,349

Total rent expenditures of \$406,259 for the year ended December 31, 2001 are included as contractual services expenditures of the general fund.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

(11) General Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the City's general long-term debt transactions for the year ended December 31, 2001:

	General obligation bonds payable	Capital lease obligation payable	Tax increment financing notes payable	Total
Balance, December 31, 2000	\$ 35,470,000	20,035,000	33,758,175	89,263,175
New debt issued	_	_	2,875,000	2,875,000
Debt retired	(1,295,000)	_(115,000)	(1,923,224)	(3,333,224)
Balance, December 31, 2001	\$ 34,175,000	19,920,000	34,709,951	88,804,951

General Obligation Bonds Payable

In May 1999, the City issued \$15,125,000 in General Obligation Bonds, Series 1999 in order to finance capital expenditures within the City. The Series 1999 bonds bear interest ranging from 4.3% to 4.9% and are repaid through a debt service fund.

In May 1998, the City issued \$10,215,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 1998, the proceeds of which were used to advance refund \$10,140,000 of outstanding Series 1995 General Obligation Bonds. The Series 1998 bonds bear interest ranging from 4.3% to 7.3% and are repaid through a debt service fund. The net proceeds of the Series 1998 bonds plus an additional \$801,487 of City monies were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the \$10,140,000 principal of the 1995 Series bonds. As a result, the 1995 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for these bonds has been removed from the general long-term debt account group. At December 31, 2001, \$8,640,000 of these defeased bonds are outstanding.

In February 1997, the City issued \$14,230,000 in General Obligation Bonds, Series 1997, the proceeds of which are to be used for the construction, repair and improvements to streets, curbing and sidewalks. The bonds bear interest ranging from 4.15% to 7.125% and are repaid through a debt service fund.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity of the general obligation bonds as of December 31, 2001 are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds			
	Principal	Interest	Total	
2002	\$ 1,370,000	1,607,009	2,977,009	
2003	1,440,000	1,537,698	2,977,698	
2004	1,525,000	1,470,648	2,995,648	
2005	1,590,000	1,402,263	2,992,263	
2006	1,660,000	1,329,700	2,989,700	
2007 and thereafter	26,590,000	8,654,358	35,244,358	
	\$ 34,175,000	16,001,676	50,176,676	

Capital Lease Obligation Payable

In April 2000, the City issued \$17,565,000 in Certificates of Participation which represent proportionate interests in base rentals to be paid by the City pursuant to an annually renewable lease/purchase agreement dated April 17, 2000 between the City and UMB Bank, N.A. Company of Missouri (the trustee/lessor). The trustee has agreed to execute and deliver certificates pursuant to a declaration and indenture of trust to finance the City's acquisition and construction of City Hall. The base rentals constitute rent for the facility pursuant to the lease. The certificates of participation bear interest ranging from 4.65% to 5.45% and are repaid through a transfer of general fund operating revenues to a debt service fund.

In August 1995, the City issued \$2,950,000 in Certificates of Participation which represent proportionate interests in base rentals to be paid by the City pursuant to an annually renewable lease/purchase agreement dated August 1, 1995 between the City and BNY Trust Company of Missouri (the trustee/lessor). The trustee has agreed to execute and deliver certificates pursuant to a declaration and indenture of trust to finance the City's acquisition and construction of a public works maintenance facility. The base rentals constitute rent for the facility pursuant to the lease. The certificates of participation bear interest ranging from 4.7% to 5.8% and are repaid through a transfer of general fund operating revenues to a debt service fund.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity of the capital lease obligation as of December 31, 2001 are as follows:

2002 2003 2004	\$	1,502,144 1,525,749 1,551,718
2005 2006 2007 and thereafter	10	1,579,835 1,609,923 25,506,680
Total future minimum lease payments		33,276,049
Less amount representing interest		(13,356,049)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	19,920,000

Tax Increment Financing Notes Payable

In 2001, the City issued Series 2001 Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Notes in cooperation with the Monarch-Chesterfield Levee District (Levee District) for the purpose of paying a portion of the redevelopment project costs in connection with the "Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing District Redevelopment Plan (Redevelopment Plan)." The Levee District assumes ownership of the levee redevelopment project and the City's projects costs are intended to provide for the general health, safety, and welfare of that portion of the City affected by the Monarch-Chesterfield Levee. The TIF Notes are considered a special limited obligation of the City and have been issued to the Levee District. The City will make principal and interest payments on the TIF Notes to the Levee District based on incremental payments in lieu of taxes attributable to the project site.

The City has also issued TIF Notes in connection with the Redevelopment Plan for the purpose of paying a portion of the redevelopment costs of the Chesterfield Commons and Chesterfield Groves projects. The TIF notes are considered a special limited obligation of the City and have been issued to the developers of the Chesterfield Commons and Chesterfield Groves projects. The City will make principal and interest payments on the TIF notes to the developers based on incremental payments in lieu of taxes attributable to the project sites.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements December 31, 2001

The composition of the City's TIF notes payable is as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2001	_Additions_	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2001
Levee District TIF notes payable: Series 2001, tax increment revenue \$ notes, interest rate 5.6793%, payable through August 15, 2017		775,000	_	775,000
Series 2000, tax increment revenue notes, interest rate 5.587%, payable through February 15, 2017	2,888,857		107,224	2,781,633
Series 1999, tax increment revenue notes, interest rate 5.68-6%, payable through August 15, 2017	1,820,000	_	70,000	1,750,000
Series 1998, tax increment revenue notes, interest rate 5.68%, payable through February 15, 2017	940,000	<u></u>	35,000	905,000
Series 1996, tax increment revenue notes, interest rate 5.93%, payable through February 15, 2016	2,258,318	X)	85,000	2,173,318
Chesterfield Groves TIF notes payable: Series 1997, tax increment revenue notes, interest rate 7-8.75%, payable through October 17, 2017	1,626,000	_	1,626,000	
Chesterfield Commons TIF notes payable: Series 1998, tax increment revenue notes, interest rate of prime less 1% adjusted quarterly, payable through October 17, 2017	24,225,000	2,100,000	_	26,325,000
\$	33,758,175	2,875,000	1,923,224	34,709,951

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

Since annual repayment amounts for the Levee District and Chesterfield Commons TIF notes will be determined based upon future revenues, a schedule of debt service requirements to maturity cannot be established.

(12) Reconciliation of GAAP Basis to Budget Basis

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations and fund balances of the special revenue fund type as of December 31, 2001 on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

	revenue_
Fund balance: GAAP basis Unbudgeted funds	\$ 15,343,233 (403,412)
Budget basis	\$ <u>14,939,821</u>
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses: GAAP basis Unbudgeted funds	\$ 1,318,415 17,281
Budget basis	\$ _1,335,696

(13) Commitments and Contingencies

Various legal claims have arisen during the normal course of business which, in the opinion of management after discussion with legal counsel, will not result in any material liability to the City.

(14) Discretely Presented Component Unit - Chesterfield Community Development Corporation

The following notes relate only to the Chesterfield Community Development Corporation (CCDC):

(a) Organization

The CCDC was formed May 5, 1992 under the official name "Industrial Development Authority of the City of Chesterfield, Missouri". It is, however, registered to conduct business as the "Chesterfield Community Development Corporation." The CCDC is a qualified not-for-profit organization under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code. The purpose of the CCDC is to promote and solicit industrial and economic development activities within the City to provide balanced growth in the City. The CCDC may issue tax-exempt revenue bonds, notes, or other obligations on behalf of non-profit institutions and other organizations for the purpose of construction, improvement of facilities or the refinancing of outstanding debt. These bonds, notes, or other obligations and the interest thereon do not constitute a debt or liability of the CCDC or the City, but are special obligations between the investors and debtors payable solely from the repayments received by the Trustees under the loan agreements. No new industrial development bonds were issued during the year ended June 30, 2001.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

December 31, 2001

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The bank balance of cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2001 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance or collateralized with securities held by CCDC or its agent in CCDC's name. The CCDC is allowed to invest in obligations of the United States, the State of Missouri, or obligations of financial institutions which are insured by governmental agencies.

(c) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided over five to 39 years using accelerated methods for equipment and the straight-line method for leasehold improvements.

(d) Statement of Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the CCDC considers all highly liquid debt instruments (cash and certificates of deposit) purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

(e) Conduit Debt Obligations

Various forms of tax-exempt and taxable indebtedness issued by CCDC have been loaned to qualified borrowers which are required to make payments to the trustees sufficient to meet principal and interest requirements of the related obligation. The aggregate principal amount of outstanding revenue bonds at June 30, 2001 was \$26,815,337.

(f) Operating lease commitment

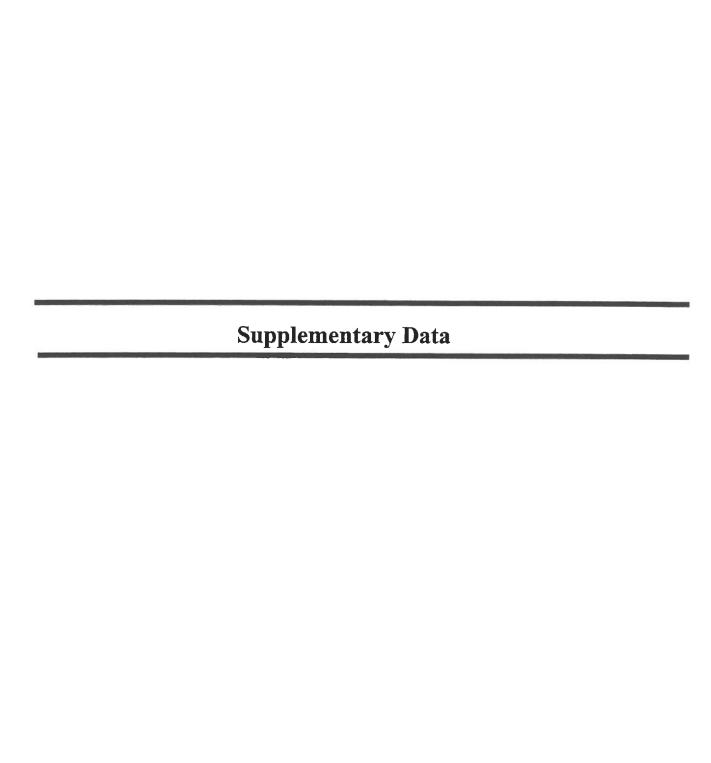
The CCDC leases office space under an operating lease expiring September 30, 2005. The required payments under this lease are as follows:

For the years ended June 30:		
2002	\$	33,441
2003		33,864
2004		33,864
2005		35,133
2006		8,889
	\$_	145,191

(15) New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments, issued June 1999, as amended by GASB Statement No. 37, will impose new standards for financial reporting. GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures modifies existing, and imposes new, disclosure requirements. These standards will be effective for the City and its component unit for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003. Management of the City has not yet completed its assessment of the statements, however, they will have a material effect on the financial presentation of the City.





General Fund

The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual – General Fund

Year ended December 31, 2001

	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)
Revenues:			
Municipal taxes:			
	\$ 4,143,000	4,392,233	249,233
Sales taxes	5,421,000		1,348
Total municipal taxes	9,564,000	9,814,581	250,581
Intergovernmental:			
Cigarette tax	197,000	178,708	(18,292)
Motor fuel and vehicle sales taxes	1,812,000		(26,722)
Road and bridge tax	1,193,000		61,710
Grants and other	497,336	, ,	8,682
Total intergovernmental	3,699,336	3,724,714	25,378
License and permits	901 950	1 021 724	120.004
Charges for services:	891,850	1,021,734	129,884
Inspection and subdivision fees	90,000	76,850	(13,150)
Zoning applications	15,000	,	(2,320)
Police reports	20,000	,	(1,532)
False alarms	40,000		(300)
Park charges and fees	412,000		(63,433)
Other charges	11,000		(7,307)
m . 1 1			
Total charges for services	588,000	499,958	(88,042)
Court fines and fees	820,000	765,774	(54,226)
Investment income	450,000		290,135
Miscellaneous	202,500		13,248
Total revenues	16,215,686	16,782,644	566,958
Expenditures: Legislative – Mayor's office and			
City Council:			
Personal services	64,748	63,247	1,501
Contractual services	22,315		16,528
Commodities	1,100		34
Total legislative	88,163	70,100	18,063
Administrative:			
City Clerk:	100 45 1	4	/# ** **
Personal services	172,174		(5,426)
Contractual services	54,816		30,518
Commodities Legal services —	1,600	2,581	(981)
Legal services – Contractual services	300,675	202 707	17 000
Contractual services City Administrator:	300,073	282,786	17,889
Personal services	182,443	153,677	28,766
Contractual services	6,980	6,818	162
	•	,	
			(Continued)

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual – General Fund, Continued

Year ended December 31, 2001

		Revised budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
Expenditures, continued:				
Finance:				
Personal services	\$	351,556	338,459	13,097
Contractual services		147,139	93,066	54,073
Commodities		9,200	10,194	(994)
Capital outlay		200,000		200,000
Central services:				
Contractual services		1,114,455	1,017,045	97,410
Commodities		70,600	72,138	(1,538)
Information systems:				, ,
Personal services		242,714	195,293	47,421
Contractual services		142,090	61,935	80,155
Commodities		5,500	5,144	356
Capital outlay		36,000	25,398	10,602
Charter Commission:				
Contractual services	8	25,150	25,149	1
Total administrative		3,063,092	2,491,581	571,511
Police services:				
Administration:				
Personal services		5,528,582	5,336,314	192,268
Contractual services		423,160	462,553	(39,393)
Commodities		166,450	189,034	(22,584)
Capital outlay		270,600	270,534	66
Total police services		6,388,792	6,258,435	130,357
Judicial – Municipal Court:				
Personal services		129,940	131,108	(1,168)
Contractual services		44,032	34,336	9,696
Commodities		300	576	(276)
Total judicial		174,272	166,020	8,252
Planning and zoning:				
Personal services		564,258	493,632	70,626
Contractual services		212,424	99,068	113,356
Commodities		14,195	11,875	2,320
Total planning and zoning		790,877	604,575	186,302
				(Continued)

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual – General Fund, Continued

Year ended December 31, 2001

	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)
Expenditures, continued:			
Public works:			
Administration and engineering:			
Personal services	\$ 881,951	823,652	58,299
Contractual services	239,666	200,350	39,316
Commodities	56,002	56,328	(326)
Capital outlay	89,080	90,093	(1,013)
Street and sewer maintenance:		ŕ	, ,
Personal services	1,596,091	1,239,418	356,673
Contractual services	321,873	280,785	41,088
Commodities	567,885	360,170	207,715
Capital outlay	157,197	139,531	17,666
Vehicle maintenance:		,	,
Personal services	262,771	250,455	12,316
Contractual services	180,800	129,074	51,726
Commodities	173,096	158,230	14,866
Capital outlay	18,123	18,123	- 1,,550
Building maintenance:		,	
Personal services	38,789	44,436	(5,647)
Contractual services	18,500	14,600	3,900
Commodities	24,748	27,989	(3,241)
Capital outlay	254,200	3,100	251,100
Street lighting – contractual services	6,000	1,753	4,247
Bass Maring Tollard Bar (1995)			
Total public works	4,886,772	3,838,087	1,048,685
Parks and recreation —			
Administration:			
Personal services	621,341	515,708	105,633
Contractual services	542,139	449,466	92,673
Commodities	121,173	122,050	(877)
Capital outlay	945,406	852,269	93,137
Total parks and recreation	2,230,059	1,939,493	290,566
Contingency	2,414		2,414
Total expenditures	17,624,441	15,368,291	2,256,150
Excess of revenues over			
expenditures	\$ _(1,408,755)	1,414,353	2,823,108

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The following special revenue funds are maintained by the City:

<u>Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing (TIF)</u> – This fund is used to account for special revenues received from the Chesterfield Valley TIF District which are required to be segregated into a special allocation fund and designated for use in the TIF district only.

<u>Chesterfield Commons</u> – This fund is used to account for special revenues received from the Chesterfield Commons Project which are required to be segregated into a special allocation fund and designated for use in this project only.

<u>Chesterfield Groves</u> – This fund is used to account for special revenues received from the Chesterfield Groves Project which are required to be segregated into a special allocation fund and designated for use in this project only.

<u>Police Forfeiture</u> – This fund is used to account for special revenues received which are specifically earmarked for future expenditures in the area of public safety.

<u>Capital Improvement Sales Tax Trust</u> – This fund is used to account for special revenues received from the capital improvement sales tax which are specifically earmarked for capital improvements.

<u>Sewer Lateral</u> - This fund is used to account for special revenues received which are specifically earmarked for expenditures for repairs to residential sanitary sewer laterals.

Combining Balance Sheet - Special Revenue Funds

December 31, 2001

Assets		Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing	Chesterfield Commons	Chesterfield Groves	Police Forfeiture	Capital Improvement Sales Tax Trust	Sewer Lateral	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$	2,652,037	20,886		26,346 —	6,121,358 1,013,435	190,552 —	9,011,179 1,013,435
Municipal taxes Intergovernmental Interest Other Due from other funds	39	4,516,915 — 15,455 10,000 92,018	1,974,219 ————————————————————————————————————			596,617 27,126 22,006 —	259,820 	7,347,571 27,126 37,484 10,000 1,745,041
Total assets	\$	7,286,425	3,648,151		26,346	7,780,542	450,372	19,191,836
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities: Accounts payable Deferred revenue Due to other funds		519,216 1,020,783	<u>=</u>		=		21,673 — 51,633	540,889 1,020,783 2,286,931
Total liabilities		1,539,999	_	_		2,235,298	73,306	3,848,603
Fund balances		5,746,426	3,648,151		26,346	5,545,244	377,066_	15,343,233
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,286,425	3,648,151		26,346	7,780,542	450,372	19,191,836

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Special Revenue Funds

Year ended December 31, 2001

		Chesterfield Valley Tax Increment Financing	Chesterfield Commons	Chesterfield Groves	Police Forfeiture	Capital Improvement Sales Tax Trust	Sewer Lateral	Total
Revenues: Municipal taxes: Property taxes Utility gross receipts Sales taxes Sewer lateral	\$	3,938,223 166,364 510,129	1,931,671 53,642 1,643,029		=	3,855,100	403,293	5,869,894 220,006 6,008,258 403,293
Total municipal taxes		4,614,716	3,628,342	_		3,855,100	403,293	12,501,451
Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	8	196,696 207,342	1,922	5,138 —	5,319	142,478 239,038 ———	1,869	147,797 444,663 207,342
Total revenues		5,018,754	3,630,264	5,138	5,319	4,236,616	405,162	13,301,253
Expenditures: Current:								
Police services - commodities Public works - contractual services Capital outlay Debt service:		253,399 3,229,751	2,100,000	=	2,967 — —	=	424,795	2,967 253,399 5,754,546
Principal Interest and other charges		297,224 446,891	1,849,847	1,626,000 276,110				1,923,224 2,572,848
Total expenditures		4,227,265	3,949,847	1,902,110	2,967		424,795	10,506,984
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		791,489	(319,583)	(1,896,972)	2,352	4,236,616	(19,633)	2,794,269
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Proceeds of tax increment		(1,448,950)	=	1,448,950 —		(4,350,854)	_	1,448,950 (5,799,804)
financing notes		775,000	2,100,000					2,875,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(673,950)	2,100,000	1,448,950		(4,350,854)		(1,475,854)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses		117,539	1,780,417	(448,022)	2,352	(114,238)	(19,633)	1,318,415
Fund balances: Beginning of year, as restated		5,628,887	1,867,734	448,022	23,994	5,659,482	396,699	14,024,818
End of year	\$	5,746,426	3,648,151		26,346	5,545,244	377,066	15,343,233

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Funds

Year ended December 31, 2001

		esterfield Valle		Ches	Chesterfield Commons			
	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)		
Revenues: Municipal taxes: Property taxes Utility gross receipts Sales taxes	\$ 2,250,000 97,000 631,000	3,938,223 166,364 510,129	1,688,223 69,364 (120,871)	834,000 11,900 851,000	1,931,671 53,642 1,643,029	1,097,671 41,742 792,029		
Total municipal taxes	2,978,000	4,614,716	1,636,716	1,696,900	3,628,342	1,931,442		
Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	180,000	196,696 207,342	16,696 207,342		1,922	1,922		
Total revenues	3,158,000	5,018,754	1,860,754	1,696,900	3,630,264	1,933,364		
Expenditures: Current – public works – contractual services Capital outlay	137,000 2,719,716	253,399 2,454,751	(116,399) 264,965	_	2,100,000	(2,100,000)		
Debt service: Principal Interest and other charges	1,369,765 1,841,672	297,224 446,891	1,072,541 1,394,781	2,374,892	1,849,847	525,045		
Total expenditures	6,068,153	3,452,265	2,615,888	2,374,892	3,949,847	(1,574,955)		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(2,910,153)	1,566,489	4,476,642	(677,992)	(319,583)	358,409		
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Proceeds of tax increment	(1,700,000)	(1,448,950)	 251,050	_	2,100,000	2,100,000		
financing notes Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,700,000)	(1,448,950)	251,050		2,100,000	2,100,000		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources ove expenditures and other financing uses	(4,610,153)	117,539	4,727,692	(677,992)	1,780,417_	2,458,409		
Fund balances: Beginning of year, as restated	5,628,887	5,628,887	_	1,867,734	1,867,734	-		
	\$ 1,018,734	5,746,426	4,727,692	1,189,742	3,648,151	2,458,409		
Die of your	1,010,754							

8,350,758

Ch	esterfield Grov	ves	Ca	pital Improvem Sales Tax Trus		Total			
Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	
333,000 3,300 15,000		(333,000) (3,300) (15,000)	 		 	3,417,000 112,200 5,102,000	5,869,894 220,006 6,008,258	2,452,894 107,806 906,258	
351,300	_	(351,300)	3,605,000	3,855,100	250,100	8,631,200	12,098,158	3,466,958	
	5,138	5,138	2,008,700 154,500	142,478 239,038	(1,866,222) 84,538	2,008,700 334,500	142,478 442,794 207,342	(1,866,222) 108,294 207,342	
351,300	5,138	(346,162)	5,768,200	4,236,616	(1,531,584)	10,974,400	12,890,772	1,916,372	
_		=	_		_	137,000 2,719,716	253,399 4,554,751	(116,399) (1,835,035)	
1,626,000 455,900	1,626,000 276,110	179,790				2,995,765 4,672,464	1,923,224 2,572,848	1,072,541 2,099,616	
2,081,900	1,902,110	179,790				10,524,945	9,304,222	1,220,723	
_(1,730,600)	_(1,896,972)	(166,372)	5,768,200	4,236,616	(1,531,584)	449,455	3,586,550	3,137,095	
1,700,000	1,448,950 —	(251,050)	 (7,464,517)	— (4,350,854)	3,113,663	1,700,000 (9,164,517)	1,448,950 (5,799,804)	(251,050) 3,364,713	
							2,100,000	2,100,000	
1,700,000	1,448,950	(251,050)	(7,464,517)	(4,350,854)	3,113,663	(7,464,517)	(2,250,854)	5,213,663	
(30,600)	(448,022)	(417,422)_	_(1,696,317)	(114,238)	1,582,079	(7,015,062)	1,335,696	8,350,758	
448,022	448,022		5,659,482	5,659,482		13,604,125	13,604,125		

417,422

<u>(417,422)</u>

<u>3,963,165</u> <u>5,545,244</u> <u>1,582,079</u> <u>6,589,063</u> <u>14,939,821</u>



Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, certain general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The following debt service funds are maintained by the City:

<u>Parks 1998</u> – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation principal and interest on the parks General Obligation Bond issue, Series 1998 which advance refunded the General Obligation Bond issue, Series 1995.

<u>Public Works Facility 1995</u> - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest on the Public Works Facility Certificates of Participation, Series 1995.

R & S 1997 & 1999 – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest on the road and sidewalk General Obligation Bond issues, Series 1997 and Series 1999.

<u>City Hall</u> - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of principal and interest on Government Center Certificates of Participation issued in fiscal year 2000.

Combining Balance Sheet - Debt Service Funds

December 31, 2001

Public Works											
Assets	,	Parks – 1998	Facility – 1995	R & S – 1997 & 1999	City Hall	Total					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$	1,174,793	31,981 245,700	_	304,556 1,539,840	1,511,330 1,785,540					
Municipal taxes		676,017	_	_		676,017					
Interest		_	5,479	_	9,407	14,886					
Due from other funds			261			261					
Total assets	\$	1,850,810	283,421		1,853,803	3,988,034					
Liabilities and Fund Balances											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable			261			261					
Deferred revenue		170,388			_	170,388					
Due to other funds	٠.		262			262					
Total liabilities		170,388	523		_	170,911					
Fund balances - reserved for debt service		1,680,422	282,898		1,853,803	3,817,123					
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,850,810	283,421		1,853,803	3,988,034					

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Debt Service Funds

Year ended December 31, 2001

]				
	_	Parks – 1998	Facility – 1995	R & S – 1997 & 1999	City Hall	Total
Revenues:						
Municipal taxes - property taxes	\$	732,743	_		_	732,743
Investment income	-	42,742	16,547_		153,968	213,257
Total revenues	_	775,485	16,547		153,968	946,000
Expenditures – debt service:						
Principal		420,000	115,000	875,000	_	1,410,000
Interest and other charges	-	441,439	134,792	1,240,557	946,395	2,763,183
Total expenditures	_	861,439	249,792	2,115,557	946,395	4,173,183
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	_	(85,954)	(233,245)	(2,115,557)	(792,427)	(3,227,183)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in		_	266,972	2,115,557	962,215	3,344,744
Operating transfers out	-		(18,537)		(962,215)	(980,752)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	•	248,435	2,115,557		2,363,992
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over		(0.7.0.7.1)			(===)	4
expenditures and other financing uses		(85,954)	15,190		(792,427)	(863,191)
Fund balances:						
Beginning of year	_	1,766,376	267,708		2,646,230	4,680,314
End of year	\$ _	1,680,422	282,898		1,853,803	3,817,123

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Debt Service Funds

Year ended December 31, 2001

	95	Parks – 1998			Public Works Facility – 1995			
_		Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	
Revenues:	_							
Municipal taxes – property taxes	\$	846,220	732,743	(113,477)			_	
Investment income	72	15,000	42,742	27,742	75	16,547	16,472	
Total revenues		861,220	775,485	(85,735)	75	16,547	16,472	
Expenditures - debt service:								
Principal		420,000	420,000		115,000	115,000	_	
Interest and other charges		441,720	441,439	281	134,978	134,792	186	
· ·	-							
Total expenditures	- 2	861,720	861,439	281	249,978	249,792	186	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(500)	(85,954)	(85,454)	(249,903)	(233,245)	16,658	
Other financing sources (uses):				-				
Operating transfers in					249,903	266,972	17,069	
Operating transfers out	12					(18,537)	(18,537)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-				249,903	248,435	(1,468)	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses		(500)	(85,954)	(85,454)		15,190	15,190	
Fund balances:								
Beginning of year	-	1,766,376	1,766,376		267,708	267,708		
End of year	\$_	1,765,876	1,680,422	85,454	267,708	282,898	(15,190)	

P	& S - 1997 &	1999		City Hall		Total		
Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)
_	_	_	_	_	_	846,220	732,743	(113,477)
			50	153,968	153,918	15,125	213,257	198,132
			50	153,968	153,918	861,345	946,000	84,655
875,000	875,000	_	_	_	_	1,410,000	1,410,000	_
1,242,113	1,240,557	1,556	948,045	946,395	1,650	2,766,856	2,763,183	3,673
2,117,113	2,115,557	1,556	948,045	946,395	1,650	4,176,856	4,173,183	3,673
(2,117,113)	(2,115,557)	1,556	(947,995)	(792,427)	155,568	(3,315,511)	(3,227,183)	88,328
2,117,113	2,115,557	(1,556)	947,995	962,215 (962,215)	14,220 (962,215)	3,315,011	3,344,744 (980,752)	29,733 (980,752)
2,117,113	2,115,557	(1,556)	947,995		(947,995)	3,315,011	2,363,992	(951,019)
_	_	*******	****	(792,427)	(792,427)	(500)	(863,191)	(862,691)
_			2,646,230	2,646,230		4,680,314	4,680,314	
			2,646,230	1,853,803	(792,427)	4,679,814	3,817,123	(862,691)



Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The following capital projects funds are maintained by the City:

<u>Capital Projects</u> – This fund is used to account for financial resources designated for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or improvements.

R & S Construction - This fund is used to account for financial resources designated for road and sidewalk construction or improvements.

<u>City Hall Construction</u> – This fund is used to account for the financial resources designated for the acquisition of land and construction of the City's new government center.

Combining Balance Sheet - Capital Projects Funds

December 31, 2001

Assets	_	Capital Projects	R & S Construction	City Hall Construction	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables - interest	\$		824,118	2,668,169 4,201	3,492,287 4,201
Total assets	\$ _		824,118	2,672,370	3,496,488
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	_		111,658 186,766	1,319,196	1,430,854 186,766
Total liabilities			298,424	1,319,196	1,617,620
Fund balances - reserved for capital projects	_		525,694	1,353,174	1,878,868
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ _		824,118	2,672,370	3,496,488

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Capital Projects Funds

Year ended December 31, 2001

	Capital Projects	R & S Construction	City Hall Construction	Total
Revenues – investment income	\$	183,113	386,518	569,631
Total revenues		183,113	386,518	569,631
Expenditures - capital outlay	2,495,088	5,193,036	11,029,865	18,717,989
Total expenditures	2,495,088	5,193,036	11,029,865	18,717,989
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,495,088)	(5,009,923)	(10,643,347)	(18,148,358)
Other financing sources – operating transfers in	2,495,088			2,495,088
Total other financing sources	_2,495,088_			2,495,088
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	8 m <u> </u>	(5,009,923)	(10,643,347)	(15,653,270)
Fund balances: Beginning of year		5,535,617	11,996,521	17,532,138
End of year	\$	525,694	1,353,174	1,878,868

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Capital Projects Funds

Year ended December 31, 2001

		Capital Projects		R & S Construction		
	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)
Revenues:						
Investment income	\$			50,000	183,113	133,113
Total revenues				50,000	183,113	133,113
Expenditures:						
Administrative		_		_		_
Public works	5,830,562	2,384,393	3,446,169	5,431,460	5,193,036	238,424
Parks and recreation	175,607_	110,695	64,912		_	_
Total expenditures	6,006,169	2,495,088	3,511,081	5,431,460	5,193,036	238,424
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(6,006,169)	(2,495,088)	3,511,081	(5,381,460)	(5,009,923)	371,537
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in	6,006,169	2,495,088	(3,511,081)			-
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,006,169	2,495,088	(3,511,081)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses			_	(5,381,460)	(5,009,923)	371,537
Fund balances: Beginning of year				5,535,617	5,535,617	
End of year	\$			154,157	525,694	371,537

City Hall Construction		Total				
Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	Revised budget	Actual	Variance – favorable (unfavorable)	
200,000	386,518	186,518	250,000	569,631	319,631	
200,000	386,518	186,518	250,000	569,631	319,631	
13,438,722	11,029,865	2,408,857 —————	13,438,722 11,262,022 175,607	11,029,865 7,577,429 110,695	2,408,857 3,684,593 64,912	
13,438,722	11,029,865	2,408,857	24,876,351	18,717,989	6,158,362	
(13,238,722)	(10,643,347)	2,595,375	_(24,626,351)	_(18,148,358)	6,477,993	
			6,006,169	2,495,088	(3,511,081)	
			6,006,169	2,495,088	(3,511,081)	
(13,238,722)	(10,643,347)	2,595,375	(18,620,182)	(15,653,270)	2,966,912	
11,996,521	11,996,521		17,532,138	17,532,138		
(1,242,201)	1,353,174	2,595,375	(1,088,044)	1,878,868	2,966,912	



Fiduciary Fund Types

Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units or other funds.

Expendable Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for collection and release of monies for future roadway improvements contemplated in a construction development within the City. Collection of monies ensure completion of projects and restoration of the surrounding area. An inspection by the City is necessary to release funds.

Agency Funds

Miscellaneous Escrow Fund – This fund is used to account for the collection and release of monies in connection with various permits issued for construction projects in which the contractor must comply with certain requirements. Collection of monies ensure completion of projects and restoration of the surrounding area. An inspection by the City is necessary to release funds.

<u>Bail Bond Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for monies received and held as bond deposits to ensure defendants' appearances in court.

<u>Explorers' Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for proceeds received in connection with a joint program sponsored by the City and the local explorer's post.

Combining Balance Sheet – Trust and Agency Funds December 31, 2001

Assets	Expendable Trust	Agency	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$218,025	1,608,189	1,826,214
Total assets	\$218,025	1,608,189	1,826,214
Liabilities and Fund Balance			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits held in escrow Total liabilities		12,981 1,626 1,593,582 1,608,189	12,981 1,626 1,593,582 1,608,189
Fund balance – reserved for street improvements	218,025		218,025
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$218,025_	1,608,189	1,826,214

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Combining Balance Sheet – Agency Funds

December 31, 2001

Assets	Miscellaneous Escrow	Bail Bond	Explorer's	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,496,245	98,963	12,981	1,608,189
Liabilities				
Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits held in escrow	1,496,245	1,626 97,337	12,981 — —	12,981 1,626 1,593,582
Total liabilities	\$ 1,496,245	98,963	12,981	1,608,189

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds Year ended December 31, 2001

Miscellaneous Escrow	Balance, January 1, 2001	Additions	Deductions	Balance, December 31, 2001
Assets – cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>1,422,960</u>	359,196	285,911	1,496,245
Liabilities – deposits held in escrow	\$	378,696	305,411	1,496,245
Bail Bond				
Assets – cash and cash equivalents	\$90,137	47,495	38,669	98,963
Liabilities: Due to other funds Deposits held in escrow Total liabilities Explorer's Assets – cash and cash equivalents Liabilities – accounts payable	\$ 9,910 \$ 9,910	684 47,582 48,266 3,551 3,551	87 39,353 39,440 480 480	1,626 97,337 98,963 12,981
Total – all agency funds				
Assets – cash and cash equivalents	\$ _1,523,007	410,242	325,060	1,608,189
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits held in escrow	9,910 1,029 1,512,068	3,551 684 426,278	480 87 344,764	12,981 1,626 1,593,582
Total liabilities	\$1,523,007	430,513	345,331	1,608,189

See accompanying independent auditors' report.



Statistical Section

General Governmental Expenditures By Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		<u>1992</u> (1)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u> (2)	<u>1997</u> (3)	<u>1998</u> (4)	<u>1999</u>	2000	2001(5)
	Legislative	\$ 124,921	71,863	63,386	70,078	68,826	70,157	70,507	69,632	67,681	70,100
	Administrative	894,000	939,007	1,160,205	1,489,115	1,684,613	1,947,219	1,949,709	2,010,632	2,335,494	2,466,183
	Police services	3,003,391	3,265,910	3,262,201	3,760,415	4,155,693	4,326,367	4,800,224	5,183,018	5,646,960	5,990,868
	Judicial	95,146	97,390	114,222	132,015	166,340	169,848	155,715	169,123	201,486	166,020
	Planning and zoning	272,069	289,688	357,242	367,673	327,904	390,307	395,984	511,233	479,816	604,575
	Public works	2,100,466	2,884,227	2,842,277	2,933,474	2,493,202	2,625,200	2,885,030	3,139,371	3,420,515	3,840,639
	Parks and recreation	16,750	48,336	23,218	62,053	138,283	196,713	534,487	708,644	876,496	1,087,224
	Capital outlay	1,220,149	1,605,932	2,905,064	4,140,729	9,241,840	18,363,647	11,571,867	11,520,735	14,822,309	25,871,583
	Debt service	81,690	134,425	_	499,815	1,262,643	1,875,086	4,124,939	3,505,113	4,448,201	8,669,255
62	Total	\$ 7,808,582	9,336,778	10,727,815	13,455,367	19,539,344	29,964,544	26,488,462	26,817,501	32,298,958	48,766,447

Notes:

- (1) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.
- (2) The City used proceeds from a 1995 general obligation parks bond issue for the acquisition of land and 1995 certificates of participation to construct a Public Works Facility in 1996.
- (3) The City used proceeds from a 1997 general obligation bond issue for the reconstruction of streets and sidewalks.
- (4) The City began paying principal on 1997 general obligation bond issue for the reconstruction of streets and sidewalks in 1998.
- (5) The City constructed its new City Hall and Police Station in 2001.

General Governmental Revenues By Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>1992</u> (3)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u> (8)	1999	2000	2001
Municipal taxes $(1)(2)(5)(6)(7)(9)$	\$ 5,913,742	6,565,107	7,060,339	9,314,116	9,994,622	12,472,104	16,074,702	15,787,580	20,635,526	23,048,775
Intergovernmental (1)(4)	2,122,090	3,212,468	2,997,512	2,962,059	3,408,192	3,337,035	3,187,651	3,380,950	3,657,545	3,872,511
Licenses and permits	496,853	544,796	547,770	597,177	611,892	663,124	705,325	769,220	914,451	1,021,734
Charges for services	122,455	95,338	135,003	153,651	142,508	209,030	384,594	389,133	487,716	499,958
Court fines and fees	372,818	287,591	377,377	516,212	521,039	409,817	479,621	690,546	799,467	765,774
Interest	86,701	134,561	233,697	1,092,832	1,286,497	1,571,740	1,223,161	1,165,676	2,424,203	1,967,686
Miscellaneous	39,389	179,565	48,615	38,231	72,742	55,507	137,673	175,165	631,037	423,090
Total	\$ 9,154,048	11,019,426	11,400,313	14,674,278	16,037,492	18,718,357	22,192,727	22,358,270	29,549,945	31,599,528
* *										

Notes:

- (1) Sales tax, motor fuel tax, motor vehicle sales tax, and cigarette tax distributions were adjusted in September of 1991 as a result of the 1990 census.
- (2) Deferred revenues of approximately \$181,000 were recognized as revenues in 1991. These revenues were previously deferred by the City as a result of a dispute with another governmental entity. This matter was resolved in 1991.
- (3) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.
- (4) The City received a federal emergency management assistance grant in the amount of \$935,287 in 1993.
- (5) Upon the successful outcome of litigation in 1995, the City recognized \$213,182 in deferred sales tax revenues from prior years and began recognizing new sales revenue under a county-wide sales tax redistribution formula.
- (6) The City adopted a property tax in 1995 and also received property tax revenue due to incremental growth in assessed valuation from the Chesterfield Valley TIF District.
- (7) The City passed a ½ cent capital improvements sales tax in November 1996 and began receiving the tax in April 1997.
- (8) The City recognized \$1,426,410 in local use tax in 1998 which had been previously held in deferred revenue pending the settlement of litigation.
- (9) The City passed a \$28 fee per household in 2000 for repairs to residential sanitary sewer laterals.

Municipal Tax Revenue By Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			<u>1992</u> (3)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	1995	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u> (6)	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u> (7)	<u>2001</u>
	Property tax (4)	\$			-	1,325,557	1,560,636	1,848,504	2,078,155	2,949,830	5,305,275	6,602,637
	Sewer lateral (8)		_	_				_	_	-	396,699	403,293
	Utility gross receipts tax		2,822,781	3,187,143	3,323,852	3,359,052	3,667,368	3,799,169	3,868,894	3,999,872	4,306,962	4,612,239
	Sales/use tax(1)(2)(3)(5))	3,090,961	3,377,964	3,736,487	4,629,507	4,766,618	6,824,431	10,127,653	8,837,878	10,626,590	11,430,606
64	Total	\$	5,913,742	<u>6,565,107</u>	7,060,339	9,314,116	9,994,622	12,472,104	16,074,702	15,787,580	20,635,526	23,048,775

Notes:

- (1) Sales tax distribution was adjusted in September of 1991 as a result of the 1990 census.
- (2) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.
- (3) Upon the successful outcome of litigation in 1995, the City recognized \$213,182 in deferred sales tax revenue from prior years and began recognizing new sales tax revenue under a county-wide sales tax redistribution formula.
- (4) The City adopted a property tax in 1995 and also received property tax revenue due to incremental growth in assessed valuation from the Chesterfield Valley TIF District.
- (5) The City passed a ½ cent capital improvements sales tax in November 1996 and began receiving the tax in April 1997.
- (6) The City recognized \$1,426,410 in local use tax in 1998 which had been previously held in deferred revenue pending the settlement of litigation.
- (7) Municipal tax revenues increase significantly in 2000 due to the growth of businesses in the Chesterfield Valley TIF District.
- (8) The City passed a \$28 fee per household in 2000 for repairs to residential sanitary sewer laterals.

Intergovernmental Revenues By Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		1992(2)	<u>1993</u>	1994	<u>1995</u>	1996	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>
	Motor fuel tax (1)	\$ 741,287	826,395	952,879	1,004,142	1,107,221	1,176,692	1,188,472	1,211,357	1,238,693	1,213,770
	Motor vehicle sales tax (1)	326,913	375,450	418,102	429,913	442,558	464,671	491,682	528,059	483,599	571,508
	Cigarette tax (1)	182,302	189,967	187,795	196,817	198,837	190,960	190,713	186,783	191,028	178,708
	Road and bridge tax	818,552	797,475	793,127	858,907	879,913	922,582	998,344	1,064,557	1,159,953	1,254,710
	Police block grant	_		-	-	-	_	_	9,782	13,692	19,462
	Police traffic service grant	37,080	15,042	_	3,557	1,771	_	6,956	2,153	58,625	33,891
	Federal emergency manage-										
	ment assistance grant	_	935,287	119,240	53,404	106	-	_	-	_	_
	COPS grant - Federal		_	_	18,667	72,668	94,166	87,949	156,467	198,472	228,075
	COPS grant – Parkway	_	-	_	4,763	28,555	41,593	49,838	77,206	85,705	70,609
	Police academy grant	~-	21,370	_	45,118	47,697	46,221	51,027	55,388	60,244	63,808
65	Federal aid urban grant		_	87,403	14,618	_			_	21,391	142,478
	St. Louis County Bonhomme										
	Creek reimbursement	•	46,845	140,485	6,038	_	8,503	45,492	33,187		_
	Community Development										
	Block Grant	_		252,049	249,951	_	33,000	_	-	-	_
	EDA Grant	_	-	_	_	495,028	186,872	-	_	_	_
	Solid Waste Grant	_	_	_	_	66,055	72,838	15,367	4,995	7,561	
	NCAP Grant	-	-		_	14,381	36,624	31,712	40,700	20,143	_
	Branch Out Missouri					_	24,562	_	6,503	13,024	9,336
	Mall Grant	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	10,000	20,000
	Wetlands Mitigation		witer	_	_	-		-	-	71,362	
	Police Forfeitures	_		-	-	_	_	_	_	23,060	5,319
	Grants other	15,956	4,637	46,432	76,164	53,402	37,751	30,099	3,813	993	60,837
	Total	\$ <u>2,122,090</u>	3,212,468	2,997,512	2,962,059	3,408,192	3,337,035	3,187,651	<u>3,380,950</u>	<u>3,657,545</u>	3,872,511

Notes:

- (1) Revenue distributions were adjusted in September of 1991 as a result of the 1990 census.
- (2) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Licenses and Permits

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>1992</u> (3)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	1995	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1999</u>	2000	<u>2001</u>
Business licenses (1)	\$ 256,852	270,312	253,620	292,331	288,446	327,774	309,966	349,336	404,218	408,061
Liquor licenses	28,620	29,277	33,393	30,145	36,592	31,989	40,189	37,994	43,745	44,279
Vending licenses	10,287	14,643	21,409	23,775	19,488	19,075	22,858	19,684	22,306	24,419
Franchise fees (2)	186,217	212,939	219,183	236,429	251,427	273,874	322,038	347,502	425,803	527,579
Miscellaneous Total	14,877 \$ 496,853	17,625 544,796	20,165 547,770	<u>14,497</u> 597,177	15,939 611,892	10,412 663,124	<u>10,274</u> <u>705,325</u>	14,704 769,220	18,379 914,451	17,396 1,021,734

Notes:

- (1) On June 5, 1990, voters approved a revised business license fee structure for the City.
- (2) The City increased the license tax on cable television franchises from 3% to 5% on February 20, 1995.
- (3) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Charges for Services

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		<u>1992</u> (1)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u> (2)	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u> (3)	2001
	Engineering inspection fees	\$ 66,241	34,951	61,569	57,936	57,452	107,887	83,694	90,078	63,281	67,087
	Subdivision processing fees	7,355	11,495	9,078	6,486	6,651	9,608	11,092	30,769	2,693	9,763
	Zoning applications	13,989	13,399	15,313	18,882	12,874	11,363	10,842	19,477	15,895	12,680
	Police reports	12,478	14,358	15,201	14,985	15,685	17,047	17,755	19,864	18,577	18,468
_	False alarms	16,950	16,925	28,450	42,528	33,444	38,600	38,000	41,250	42,850	39,700
7	Pool passes and concessions		_	_	-	_		150,180	160,320	167,235	230,609
	CVAC rentals and concessions	_	-	-	-	=	j -	-	_	99,471	83,405
	Other charges Total	5,442 \$ <u>122,455</u>	4,210 95,338	5,392 135,003	12,834 153,651	16,402 142,508	24,525 209,030	73,031 384,594	27,375 389,133	77,714 487,716	38,246 499,958

Notes:

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- (1) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.
- (2) The City opened its Central City Park pool in 1998.
- (3) The City opened its Chesterfield Valley Athletic Complex (CVAC) in 2000.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (1)(2)(3)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Railroad	Tot	als
	Real	Personal	and	Assessed	Estimated
	property	property	<u>utilities</u>	<u>value</u>	actual value
1992 (4)	611,766,200	156,066,333	14,953,292	782,785,825	3,297,885,746
1993	623,355,670	146,917,716	14,480,699	784,754,085	3,346,767,746
1994 (5)	614,067,940	121,996,684	15,085,563	751,150,187	3,301,191,816
1995	655,300,640	141,510,637	14,635,156	811,446,433	3,619,761,616
1996	676,795,720	160,550,273	16,131,252	853,477,245	3,775,913,753
1997	737,719,530	171,773,003	14,471,771	923,964,304	4,103,912,637
1998	761,919,280	181,319,540	14,492,392	957,731,212	4,247,538,403
1999	839,087,390	193,552,326	14,430,676	1,047,070,392	4,613,115,168
2000	896,862,030	225,781,266	15,328,434	1,137,971,730	4,938,358,639
2001	1,023,122,130	235,079,429	17,702,083	1,275,903,642	5,554,533,322

Notes:

- (1) Assessments are determined by the Assessor of St. Louis County. Property is assessed as of January 1.
- (2) Assessments are based on a percentage of estimated actual values. Real property is classified as residential, agricultural, or commercial. Residential property is assessed at 19%, agricultural is assessed at 12%, and commercial is assessed at 32%. All railroad and utility property is assessed at 32%. All personal property is assessed at 33-13%. Real property is reassessed biannually in odd-numbered years.
- (3) The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988. No property tax was levied by the City until 1995 when the voters approved an \$11 million general obligation bond issue for parks. The entire levy funds debt service.
- (4) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.
- (5) Value decreased due to 1993 flood in Chesterfield Valley.

Source: St. Louis County Assessor.

Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$100 of Assessed Value)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		<u>1992</u>	<u>1993</u>	1994	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	2001
	Taxes levied on all property in the City										
	of Chesterfield:										
	City of Chesterfield (1)	\$ 	_	_	.130	.130	.130	.130	.130	.100	.060
	State of Missouri	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030	.030
	St. Louis County	.580	.580	.580	.580	.580	.580	.580	.580	.580	.580
	Special School District	.610	.620	.630	.620	.630	.620	.640	.620	.623	.835
	St. Louis Community College	.220	.220	.240	.240	.240	.240	.240	.240	.240	.230
	St. Louis County Library	.125	.130	.130	.140	.140	.140	.140	.140	.140	.140
69	Metropolitan St. Louis Sewer District	.020	.020	.020	.020	.020	.020	.020	.020	.020	.019
9	Metropolitan Zoological Park and										
	Museum District	.214	.220	.224	.228	.232	.232	.232	.227	.232	.222
	Sheltered Workshop	085	085	085	085	085	085	.085	085	085	085
	Totals	\$ 1.884	1.905	1.939	2.043	2.087	2.077	<u>2.097</u>	<u>2.072</u>	2.050	<u>2.201</u>
	School Districts (2):				•						
	Parkway	\$ 3.35	3.43	3.44	3.44	3.73	3.64	3.66	3.59	3.603	3.455
	Rockwood	<u>3.92</u>	<u>3.94</u>	4.53	<u>4.54</u>	<u>4.54</u>	<u>4.49</u>	<u>4.52</u>	<u>4.48</u>	<u>4.525</u>	<u>4.421</u>
	Fire Protection Districts (3):										
	Metro West	\$.64	.77	.77	.95	1.03	1.04	1.03	1.03	1.021	.972
	Chesterfield	<u>82</u>	<u>.86</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>1.06</u>	<u>1.00</u>	<u>1.03</u>	<u>1.04</u>	<u>1.019</u>	<u>.995</u>

Notes:

- (1) The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988. No property tax was levied by the City until 1995 when the voters approved an \$11 million general obligation bond issue for parks. The entire levy funds debt service.
- (2) All property is located in one of the two school districts whose boundaries include part of the City.
- (3) All property is located in one of the two fire protection districts whose boundaries include part of the City.

Source: St. Louis County Collector.

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

(Dollars expressed in thousands)

Fiscal year	Total tax <u>levy</u>	Current tax collections	Percent of current taxes collected	Delinquent tax collections	Total tax collections	Ratio of total tax collections to total tax levy	Outstanding delinquent taxes	Ratio of Delinquent taxes to total tax levy
1995	\$ 1,402	\$ 1,326	94.6%	\$ -	\$ 1,326	94.6%	\$ 76	5.4%
1996	\$ 1,585	\$ 1,498	94.5%	\$ 63	\$ 1,561	98.5%	\$ 100	6.3%
1997	\$ 1,891	\$ 1,769	93.5%	\$ 79	\$ 1,848	97.7%	\$ 143	7.6%
1998	\$ 2,187	\$ 1,937	88.6%	\$ 141	\$2,078	95.0%	\$ 252	11.5%
1999	\$ 3,302	\$ 2,806	85.0%	\$ 144	\$2,950	89.3%	\$ 604	18.3%
2000	\$ 5,425	\$ 4,925	90.8%	\$ 380	\$5,305	97.8%	\$ 724	13.3%
2001	\$ 7,069	\$ 6,451	91.2%	\$ 152	\$6,603	93.4%	\$ 1,190	16.8%

Note:

^{(1) 1995} was the first year that the City of Chesterfield had a property tax levy.

Legal Debt Margin

December 31, 2001

Assessed value of the City of Chesterfield for 2001	\$ 1,275,903,642
Limit of bonded indebtedness at 10% of assessed value	\$ 127,590,364
Total bonded debt Less amount available in debt service fund Bonded debt applicable to debt limit	34,175,000 (1,680,422) 32,494,578
Legal debt margin	\$ 95,095,786

Note: Bonded indebtedness is limited by Sections 95.115 and 95.120 of the Missouri Revised Statutes (1986) to 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures

Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total debt <u>service</u>	Total general governmental expenditures	Ratio of debt service to general governmental expenditures
1995(1)	\$ -	346,923	346,923	13,455,367	2.6%
1996	265,000	683,037	948,037	19,539,344	4.9%
1997(2)	285,000	1,035,169	1,320,169	29,964,544	4.4%
1998(3)	1,630,000	1,167,451	2,797,451	30,674,462	9.1%
1999(4)	1,845,000	1,117,876	2,962,876	51,501,538	5.8%
2000	935,000	1,953,350	2,888,350	32,298,958	8.9%
2001	1,295,000	1,680,333	2,975,333	48,766,447	6.1%

Note:

- (1) 1995 was the first year that the City had general bonded indebtedness.
- (2) The City issued \$14,230,000 in additional general bonded indebtedness in 1997.
- (3) The City did an advance refunding of the general obligation debt for parks in 1998.
- (4) The City issued \$15,125,000 in additional general bonded indebtedness in 1999.

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

						Ratio	
				Amount		of net	
				available		bonded	Net
				in debt	Net	debt to	bonded
		Assessed	Bonded	service	bonded	assessed	debt per
Year	Population	value	<u>debt</u>	<u>fund</u>	<u>debt</u>	<u>value</u>	capita
1995(1)	42,325 (2) \$	811,446,433	11,000,000	998,144	10,001,858	1.2%	\$ 236
1996	42,325	853,477,245	10,735,000	1,134,895	9,600,105	1.1%	227
1997(3)	42,325	923,964,304	24,680,000	1,490,337	23,189,663	2.5%	548
1998(4)	42,325	957,731,212	23,125,000	1,071,663	22,053,337	2.3%	521
1999(5)	42,325	1,047,070,392	36,405,000	1,472,911	34,932,089	3.3%	825
2000	42,325	1,137,971,730	35,470,000	1,766,376	33,703,624	3.0%	796
2001(6)	46,802	1,275,903,642	34,175,000	1,680,422	32,494,578	2.6%	694

Note:

- (1) 1995 was the first year that the City had general bonded indebtedness.
- (2) Population data is estimated using the 1992 U.S. Census Bureau data for the area.
- (3) The City issued \$14,230,000 in additional general bonded indebtedness in 1997.
- (4) The City did an advance refunding of the general obligation debt for parks in 1998.
- (5) The City issued \$15,125,000 in additional general bonded indebtedness in 1999.
- (6) The City's population, reported by the Bureau of the Census in 2001, was 46,802.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

December 31, 2001

	General obligation <u>debt</u>	Percent appli- cable to the City of Chesterfield	Amount applicable to the City of Chesterfield
City of Chesterfield	\$ 34,175,000	100.00%	\$ 34,175,000
St. Louis County	225,395,000	7.05	15,890,348
Parkway School District (1)	83,970,390	24.54	20,606,334
Rockwood School District (1)	131,263,600	17.35	22,774,235
Chesterfield Fire Protection			•
District (1)	2,425,000	73.47	1,781,648
Metropolitan Sewer District	4,025,000	<u>14.89</u>	599,323
Total overlapping	447,078,990		61,651,888
Total	\$ <u>481,253,990</u>		\$ <u>95,826,888</u>
Total debt per capita (2)			\$ <u>1,971.67</u>

- (1) Only portions of the school and fire districts are located within the City boundaries. The applicable amounts refer to that portion of the district that is contained within the City's boundary. Therefore, the applicable amounts refer to portions of the City's taxpayers.
- (2) Based upon a population of 48,602.

Source: The above-named jurisdictions, St. Louis County Real Estate Assessment Rolls, and St. Louis County report of Assessed Valuation.

Building Permits and Construction (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

New construction:	<u>1992</u> (2)	<u>1993</u>	<u>1994</u>	<u>1995</u>	<u>1996</u>	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>	1999	2000	2001
Number of permits Value of construction \$	447	635	917	619	712	652	844	836	938	849
	46,626,596	<u>47,502,993</u>	<u>71,912,425</u>	40,005,131	49,994,194	<u>47,738,060</u>	<u>69,442,017</u>	<u>74,393,060</u>	<u>79,935,275</u>	<u>95,917,550</u>
Alterations/additions: Number of permits Value of construction \$	1,435	2,245	2,022	2,164	2,051	2,113	2,785	2,977	3,261	3,010
	17,293,610	20,432,811	36,683,188	22,043,850	23,902,052	28,004,804	59,858,299	<u>83,818,766</u>	48,696,005	<u>71,845,736</u>
Building demolitions: Number of permits			1	_	Mary .		Marie	_		

Notes:

- (1) The City has not established a building commissioner's office within the organization. St. Louis County currently provides building inspection services. Information regarding 1988 permits is unavailable. The City was incorporated on June 1, 1988.
- (2) The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Source: Planning Department, City of Chesterfield, Missouri.

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Bank Deposits

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Amount (1)
1992	\$ 641,865,343
1993	625,192,796
1994	608,355,913
1995	610,500,754
1996	638,068,841
1997	646,214,924
1998 (2)	744,181,172
1999 (3)	574,477,723
2000	634,474,529
2001 (4)	638,719,935

Notes:

- (1) Represents deposits of the 12 bank facilities located in the City of Chesterfield.
- (2) Roosevelt Bank and Mark Twain Parkway Banks were bought out by Mercantile Bank and the branch banks in Chesterfield were closed in 1998.
- (3) Several banks were taken over by other banks in 1999. NationsBank was bought out by Bank of America, Mercantile Bank by Firstar, and Magna by Union Planters.
- (4) Firstar became U.S. Bank in January of 2002.

Source: Bank of America N.A. - Chesterfield Center, Bank of America N.A. - Baxter Branch, Bremen Bank and Trust, Cass Bank and Trust, Commerce Bank of St. Louis, N.A., First Bank - Clarkson, First Bank - First Missouri Center, First National Bank of St. Louis, Founders Bank, Union Planters, U.S. Bank - Clarkson Square and U.S. Bank of St. Louis N.A. - Hilltown Village.

Table 16

Schedule of Insurance in Force

December 31, 2001

Type of coverage/ insurance carrier	Policy number	Policy period	<u>Deductible</u>	Liability <u>limits</u>	Annual premium
General Liability Police Liability Automobile Liability/ St. Louis Area Insurance Trust (SLAIT)	GL0021-01 PL0021-01 AL0021-01	7/1/01- 7/1/02	\$ 500 2,500 500	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 109,410
Property/Inland Marine/St. Paul Mercury	GP06300898	7/1/01- 7/1/02	1,000	9,187,700	74,174
Public Officials Liability/Zurich Specialties	ZSP 010040-4	7/1/01- 7/1/02	25,000	1,000,000	15,200
Worker's Compensation/St. Louis Insurance Trust (SLAIT)	2001-04	7/1/01- 7/1/02	N/A	Per Missouri Law	198,095
Public Official Bond/ Kemper	3SM 726 028	9/1/01- 9/1/02	N/A	100,000	238
Public Employees Blanket Bond/Kemper	3FM 726 239	1/23/01- 1/23/02	500	100,000	353
Flood Insurance Police Department (Contents Only)/Travelers	6002036355	5/21/01- 5/21/02	500	289,400	476
Flood Insurance – Public Works (Building & Contents)/Travelers	6002791736	11/6/01- 11/6/02	500	500,000	2,952
Flood Insurance – Parks (Buildings & Contents)/Travelers	6004232416 600423240 6004232390	5/30/01- 5/30/02	500	750,000	6,381
Fiduciary Bond/The Travelers/Aetna	051 FF 103003485	11/3/01- 11/3/02	_	1,000,000	1,660
Underground Storage Tanks/MO UST	0009914	2/24/01- 2/24/02	10,000	1,000,000	200

Source: City's insurance policies.

Salaries and Surety Bonds of Principal Officials

December 31, 2001

Name and title of official	Annual <u>salary</u>	Amount surety <u>bond</u>
Michael G. Herring, City Administrator	\$ 107,000	(1)
Jan Hawn, Director of Finance and Administration	86,572	100,000
Marty DeMay, City Clerk	56,188	(1)
Ray Johnson, Police Chief	90,688	(1)
Teresa Price, Director of Planning	77,261	(1)
Mike Geisel, Director of Public Works/City Engineer	<u>88,776</u>	<u>(1)</u>

Note:

(1) Blanket surety coverage of \$100,000.

Miscellaneous Statistical Data

December 31, 2001

Date of incorporation as a third class city	June 1, 1988
Form of government	Mayor/Council/City Administrator
Area	32 square miles
Miles of streets (City maintained)	150
Miles of sidewalks (City maintained)	100
Number of street lights (City provided) (1)	10
Police protection: Number of full-time employees Commissioned officers Other full-time employees Police Station	94 85 9 1
Total employees, full-time	193
Fire protection: The City's coverage is provided by two districts:	

Metro West Protection District

Chesterfield Fire Protection District

The City is served by the Parkway and Rockwood School Districts.

The City's electric is supplied by Union Electric; natural gas is supplied by Laclede Gas; water is supplied by St. Louis County Water Company; sewer service is provided by Metropolitan St. Louis Sewer District. All four of these companies are publicly held utilities.

The library serving the City of Chesterfield is the Daniel Boone and the Thornhill branches of the St. Louis County Library System.

Population (2):	1988 1990 1991 2000	34,486 37,990 42,325 46,802
Number of households (2)	1988 Single Family Multi-Family	9,105 3,049
	1990 Single Family Multi-Family	10,541 3,246
	1992 Single Family Multi-Family	11,821(3) 3,848(3)
Per capita income:		- , ,
Median Family Income	1986 1990	\$ 61,800 75,237
Per Capita Family Income	1979 1987 1990	\$ 12,686 21,912 28,019
Number of registered voters	2001	32,275

(Continued)

Miscellaneous Statistical Data, Continued

Principal taxpayers <u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Monsanto Company	Research/development	\$ 30,655,720	2.4%
THF Chesterfield	Retail development	20,950,640	1.6%
JG St. Louis West Limited Liability Co. Gal.	Chesterfield Mall	16,959,080	1.3
FSP Timberlake Corporation	Real estate venture	12,389,020	1.0
Ameren UE Company	Private utility company	11,982,209	0.9
Realty Associates	Real estate venture	8,896,000	0.7
St. Lukes Episcopalian Presbyterian Hospital	Hospital	7,479,450	0.6
Wild Horse Joint Venture	Apartment project	6,646,620	
St. Louis County Water	Private utility company	5,841,650	
Chesterfield Ridge Center	Real estate venture	5,582,660	0.4
		\$ <u>127,383,049</u>	9.9%

Major employers within the City of Chesterfield:

Com	pany

1.	St. Luke's Hospital
2	Pharmacia Company

- 3. McBride & Son Management Co.
- Parkway School District 4.
- 5. Taylor Morley, Inc.
- Mark Andy Inc. 6.
- Rose International 7.
- Rockwood School District 8.
- 9. Technology Partners
- 10. Pohlman, Inc.

Type of Business

Non-Profit Healthcare Provider

Research Company

Homebuilder/Developer/Contractor

School District

Home Builder/Developer/Contractor

Printing Press Manufacturer

Research and Software Development

School District

Computer Consulting Firm Contract Manufacturer

Utility Customers:

	Electric	Gas	Water	Telephones
<u>Year</u>	Meters(A)	Meters(B)	Meters(C)	(<u>D</u>)
1992(3)	18,289	13,594	11,797	18,166
1993	18,356	13,554	11,937	18,711
1994	19,048	14,328	12,672	19,855
1995	19,076	14,450	12,789	21,263
1996	19,274	14,608	13,031	23,277
1997	19,789	15,231	13,330	23,564
1998	19,860	15,502	13,317	35,500
1999	20,602	15,770	13,981	38,559
2000	21,144	16,130	14,075	35,638
2001	21,024	16,412	14,318	34,289

Source:

- (A) Union Electric Company
- (B) Laclede Gas Company
- (C) St. Louis County Water Company
- (D) Southwestern Bell Telephone Company
- The City currently provides street lights at selected intersections within the City of Chesterfield. Street lights are (1) primarily provided and maintained by private subdivisions.
- (2) Population data is estimated for the area using the U.S. Census Bureau data for the area.
- The City annexed an area encompassing 1.6 square miles to the east on May 15, 1992.

Source: The City's Public Works Department, Planning and Zoning Department, Finance and Administration Department, Police Department, U.S. Census Bureau, St. Louis County Department of Revenue, Board of Election Commissioners of St. Louis County, St. Louis County Fact Book and Development Strategies, St. Luke's Hospital, Rockwood and Parkway School Districts.

